

2006河北英语高考复习资料高考学子卷无听力-人教版 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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第一卷（选择题）第一部分：英语知识运用（共三节，满分50分）第一节：语音知识（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）从A、B、C、D中找出划线部分与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。 1.

monument A. prejudice B. merciful C. institute D. curiosity 2.

belief A. niece B. friendly C. marriage D. pianist 3.

social A. article B. officer C. specially D. performance 4.

secret A. convenient B. elementary C. beverage D. challenge 5.

gravity A. indicate B. actually C. adult D. local [KEY:15 DACAB] 第一节：语法和词汇知识（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

从A，B，C，D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. It ' s clear that Stephen Hawking is the greatest scientist in our time. What ' s your idea? 来源：www.examda.com_____ He

is really excellent and brave. A. It ' s hard to say. B. I doubt so. C. That ' s correct. D. Sounds good! 答案：C（考查交际用语。题干是表达辩论。A，B项与空格后的答语不一致。C项“那是对的”，表示赞同他有说法，符合题意要求，故为正确答案。D项与前面题干不相关）

7. _____ you lose confidence, you can never expect to do your work well. A. Unless B. Once C. Though D. Before 答案：B（考查状语从句。once意为“一旦”，表示条件）

8. If you follow these steps, slowly, you will be able to _____ down the walls between your parents and yourself. A. set B. take C. break D. look 答案：C（考查动词短语的区别。break down意为

打破，拆散，使瓦解。set down意为写下，记下。take down意为取下，记下。look down意为俯视，看不起。

9. The teacher was surprised to find that the student _____ the same mistake again. A. made B. did C. took D. had 答案：A（考查动词短语的区别。make a mistake意为犯错误。do a mistake意为做错误。take a mistake意为拿错误。have a mistake意为有错误。

“ 压碎；克服 ”) 9. The key_____ friendship is to pay attention to other people ' s good points. A. toB. withC. ofD. beyond 答案 : A (考查介词。名词key, answer, entrance等后表示所属关系时, 通常用介词to) 10. If so, you probably need help_____ the bigger choices in your life, like what to do when you ' re older. A. makeB. to makeC. madeD. making 答案 : D (考查动词的非谓语形式。这里用现在分词表示时间, 相当于一个when引导的时间状语从句) 11. Always being ready to care for others is_____ important part of_____ Lei Feng ' s spirit. It is never out of date. A. an. theB. an. 不填C.不填 ; theD.不填 ; 不填 答案 : A (考查冠词用法。第一空part是不可数名词, 而且有形容词修饰, 故加不定冠词an ; 第二空表示特指雷锋精神, 故加the) 12. Besides rockets, students _____ robots, model cars and other machines they had made at the Beijing Aviation Museum. A. showed offB. speeded upC. brought inD. gave out 答案 : A (考查动词短语的区别。show off 意为 “ 卖弄 ; 出示给某人看 ; 展示 ”) 13. A new Ministry of Education report says about half of middle school students do not weigh a_____ amount. A. commonB. usualC. ordinaryD. normal 答案 : D (考查形容词的区别。normal 意为 “ 正常的 ” , 这里学生们的正常体重) 14. _____ can they realize their dreams and become who they want to be. A. In only this wayB. Only in this way only C. In only this wayD. In this only way 答案 : B (考查倒装句的用法。 “ only 状语 ” 用于句首时, 主谓部分倒装) 15. They told about lots of differences between children ' s lives in cities and_____ in villages. A. onesB. thatC. those D. them 答案 : C (考查名词指代

。这里指代前面的复数名词differences，故用those) 16. Carl decided not to work on the project at home because he didn't want his parents to know what he_____. A. has done B. had done C. was doing D. is doing 答案：C (考查动词时态。从句的主要时态一般过去时并结合句意知应该用过去进行时态) 17. Joyce doesn't mind lending you her mobile phone. She_____. I've already borrowed one. 来源：www.examda.com A. needn't B. can't C. shouldn't D. mustn't 答案：A (考查情态动词的用法。从I've already borrowed one.可知A项符合要求) 18. It is said that with more forests_____ huge quantities of good earth are being washed away. A. being destroyed B. destroyed C. destroying D. to destroy 答案：A (考查动词的非谓语形式。这里构成“with 宾语 非谓语动词”结构，并结合句子中的进行时态可知A项正确) 19. The way she dealt with the problem is quite different _____ her parents were used to. A. from which B. in what C. in which D. from what 答案：D (考查名词从句的用法。这里构成be different from结构，由于下文所指是无限制的，故用what) 20. To tell the truth, I wouldn't be happy living in such a small room. _____. I do prefer a small room. A. I agree with you B. It's OK with me C. It just depends D. I'd rather not 答案：B (考查交际用语。题干是表达偏爱。第一个说他不喜欢小房间，但第二个人却偏爱小房间，显然，只有B项符合题干要求，故为正确答案) 第三节：完形填空 (共20小题；每题1.5分，满分30分) 阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从后面所给各题的四个选项 (A、B、C和D) 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。 People seem not to see that their opinion of the world is also a

confession of character. --R. W. E, erson It was Mother ' s Day, but
 the young mother was a little unhappy, because she was 800 miles
 away from her parents. In the morning she phoned her mother to
 21her a happy Mother ' s Day, and her mother told her about the
 beautiful 22in the garden. Later that day, when she told her husband
 about the lilacs(丁香), he said, " I know where we can find 23that
 you want. Get the children and come on. " So they went, 24down
 the country roads. There on a small hill, they saw a lot of purple
 lilacs. The young woman ran quickly to 25the flowers. 26, she picked
 a few here and a few there. On their way home there was a smile on
 her face. When they were 27a nursing home, the young woman saw
 an old granny sitting in a chair. She had no children with her. They
 28the car and the young woman walked to the old woman, put the
 29in her hands, and smiled at her. The old granny 30her again and
 again. She smiled happily, too. 31the young mother came back to her
 car, her 32asked her, " Who is that old granny? " " Why did you
 give our flowers to her? " " I don ' t know her, " their mother
 said. " But it ' s Mother ' s Day, and she has no children. I have all
 of you, and I 33have my mother. Just think how much those flowers
 34to her. " Hearing 35their mother said, all the children were greatly
 36. As we know, everyone needs love. In our society, only more love
 is 37to the people, 38those who are in great 39, we will feel happy.
 40by this, can we have a better life, a more humorous world. 21. A.
 expect B. persuadeC. considerD. wish 22. A. natureB. lilacsC. treeD.
 building 23. A. allB. somethingC. anythingD. nothing 24. A.
 walkingB. rollingC. drivingD. advancing 25. A. enjoyB. shareC.

compareD. stress 26. A. SimplyB. ContentlyC. ImmediatelyD. Carefully 27. A. watchingB. passingC. experiencingD. finding 28. A. stoppedB. exchangedC. shookD. started 29. A. sweetsB. moneyC. flowersD. care 30. A. thankedB. struckC. touchedD. communicated 31. A. WhileB. WhenC. BecauseD. Since 32. A. husbandB. friendsC. childrenD. mother 33. A. hardlyB. neverC. evenD. still 34. A. meantB. repeatedC. thoughtD. expressed 35. A. howB. whyC. whatD. which 35. A. separatedB. surprisedC. frightenedD. moved 37. A. combinedB. draggedC. offeredD. advised 38. A. especiallyB. particularlyC. luckilyD. finally 39. A. sorrowB. excitementC. courageD. need 40. A. ThenB. OnlyC. SoD. Or [KEY: 2125 DBACA2630 DBACA3135 BCDAC3640 DCADB] 21.Dwish 在这里表示“祝福”。 22.B从下一段第一句提示可知。 23.A结合下文提示可知应该是满足那位母亲的一切要求。 24.C从43空后的car知是开车去。 25.A显然这位母亲是去欣赏花。 26.D这里指她赏花神情的专注。 27.B路过一家养老院。 28.A指停车。 29.C从上下文提示可知。 30.A接受了花后，当然是说感谢了。 31.B这里是表示时间的状语从句。 32.C从第二段提到了children可知。 33.D从第一段知这位女士的母亲还活着。 34.A指意味着什么。 来源：www.examda.com35.C从句缺少宾语。 36.Dmove 这里意为“感动”。 37.C指主动去关爱别人。 offer的意思是主动给予。 38.A这里表示进一步。 39.Din great need 是习语。 40.B这里构成倒装句。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com