高考英语考查的重点不定代词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式 ,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/105/2021_2022__E9_AB_98_ E8_80_83_E8_8B_B1_E8_c65_105565.htm 高考英语考查的重点 不定代词 严格的讲,代词是代替名词的词,在句子中起名词 的作用,可以做主语、宾语、表语、同位语和呼语等。代词 又可分为人称代词、物主代词、反身代词、相互代词、指示 代词、疑问代词、连接代词、关系代词和不定代词共9种。 我们知道,代词是一项非常重要的语法项目,在高考中起着 重要的作用。然而,直接考查不定代词的频率最高,不定代 词具有名词和形容词的性质,具有可数及不可数之别。 因此 ,在学习、复习及备考中,必须重视对代词尤其是不定代词 的学习和研究。下面我结合高考实例来与大家共同探讨一下 不定代词的作用及运用。 不定代词可分为由body, one ,thing 构成的合成代词,如somebody, anybody, everybody, nobody. someone, everyone 和 something, everything, nothing 等;另一类 是既可作代词又可作限定词的词,主要有all, any, none, another, other, both, each, either, neither, some, few, little, many, much 等。综观1988年以来的高考试题,主要考查不定代词在 句中做主语、宾语和定语。一、作主语 1. _____ of them knew about the plan because it was a secret. (MET1988 38) A Each B Any C No one D None [D] 2. I invited Tom and Ann to dinner, but of them came.(MET1991 14) A neither B both C either D none [A] 3. We couldn 't eat in a restaurant because _____ of us had _____money on us.(MET 1991 28) A all, no B any, no C none, any D no one, any [C] 4. -----Is_____ here? -----No,

have? (NMET 2000 23) A it B that C one D this [C]
14Do you want tea or coffee?I really don 't
mind. (2000春 6) A Both B None C Either D Neither [C] 15.If this
dictionary is not yours, can it be? (2001春13) A what else B
who else C which else 's D who else 's [D] 16.Mr Alcott,
headmaster of the school, refused to accept of the three
suggestions made by the Student's Union. (2000 上海 春) A
either B neither C any D none (C) 17. Many people have helped
with canned food. However, the food bank needs for the
poor. (2001春 19) A more B much C many D most [A]
18There 's coffee and tea. you can haveThanks.
(NMET 2003 32) A either B each C one D it [A] 19. We need a
new cupboard for the kitchen . So Peter made from some
wood we had . A it B one C himself another (2004海南、内蒙等24)
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