2006年度--同等学力英语应试指南:完形一 PDF转换可能丢失 图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/107/2021_2022_2006_E5_B9_ B4_E5_BA_A6_c69_107400.htm 通过分析近几年同等学力英语 考试试卷看,同等学力考试的完形填空有以下特点:首先, 完形填空的测试重点已从传统的语法项目转移到对整体语感 的测试。根据上下文进行选择的题目比例很大。词汇的测试 也不仅仅限于对基本词义的理解,同义词、近义词、 一词多 义、固定搭配及习惯用法的应用也成为测试的重点。 能否在 该考项取得好成绩,取决于做大量的阅读练习以增加语感, 打好语言功底。下文的分析以两篇文章为例。 Sleep is divided into periods of so - called REM sleep, characterized by rapid eye movements and dreaming, and longer periods of non - REM sleep. 1 kind of sleep is at all well - understood, but REM sleep is 2 to serve some restorative function of the brain. The purpose of non - REM sleep is even more 3. The new experiments, such as those 4 for the first time at a recent meeting of the Society for Sleep Research in Minneapolis, suggest fascinating explanations 5 of non - REM sleep. 1.A Either B Neither C Each D Any 2.A intended B required C assumed D inferred 3.A subtle B obvious C mysterious D doubtful 4.A maintained B described C settled D afforded 5.A in the light B by virtus C with the exception D for the purpose For example, it has long been known that total sleep 6 is 100 percent fatal to rats, yet, 7 examination of the dead bodies, the animals look completely normal.A researcher has now 8 the mystery of why the animals die. The rats 9 bacterial infections of the blood, 10 their immune

systems-the self - protecting mechanism against diseases - had crashed. 6. A reduction B destruction C deprivation D restriction 7. A upon B by C through D with 8. A paid attention to B caught sight of C laid emphasison on D cast light on 9. A develop B produce C stimulate D induce 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接 下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com