MPA考试试题中心:英语情态动词部分练习 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/109/2021\_2022\_MPA\_E8\_80\_83\_E8\_AF\_95\_E8\_c72\_109743.htm 一、should与ought to用法辨析 1) should和ought to表示责任、建议或劝告,翻译为"应该",后者语气强一些。【例如】You should listen to the doctor's advice if you want to recover soon. Such things ought not to be allowed. 来源:www.examda.com 2) should接动词的完成式,是一种谴责,表示过去应该做而没有做或过去做了而不应该做。【例如】I missed the class. I should have come earlier. I shouldn't have made such a foolish mistake. 来源

:www.examda.com二、need与have to 用法辨析 1) need表示需要,主要用于否定句和疑问句。用于疑问句,肯定回答用must,否定回答用needn't。have to表示他人或客观情况要求"必须",也可以翻译为"不得不",have to否定形式意思是"不一定"或"没有必要"。【例如】来源:www.examda.com You needn't come if you don't want to. I don't think you need be so polite to her. You don't have to work so hard if you just want to pass Band 4. Because of the heavy rain, the children have had to get up earlier than usual this week. It was very kind of you to do the washing-up, but you \_\_\_\_it. A) mustn't have done B) would not have done C) might not have done D) didn't have to 本句译为:你把这些东西洗了,你真是太好了。但是你没有必要洗。must, would, might后面接动词的完成式,都很少用否定式,而didn't have to表示没有必要,符合题意,故答案为D. 来源:www.examda.com 2) need后面接动词的完成式,主要用于否

定句,表示本可不必做某事。【例如】You \_\_\_\_ all those calculations! We have a computer to do that sort of thing. A) needn 't have done B) must not have done C) shouldn 't have done D) can not have done "needn 't 不定式完成式"表示"本来不必做,但实际做了"。题意是:你没有必要做全部计算,这类计算我们用计算机来做。故答案为A. 三、used to的用法来源:www.examda.com "used to加不定式"表示过去常常干某事,现在不在干了。例如: I used to go to work by bus. Now I take a taxi. She used to be very shy. 来源:www.examda.com "be used to doing"表示习惯于干某事。【例如】 I am used to getting up early and going to bed early. He is used to being praised by others. 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问www.100test.com