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https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/117/2021\_2022\_\_E6\_89\_98 E 7\_A6\_8F\_E8\_80\_83\_E8\_c81\_117498.htm 一、代词代词中主要 讲解六个问题来源:考试大(一)掌握代词的几种格:主格 宾格、所有格名词前面用代词来修饰,只能用所有格(my books)(二)反身代词当主语和宾语表示同一事物时,宾 语使用反身代词。 He killed himself. (他自杀了) He killed him. (他杀了他)来源:考试大例:Researchers at the University of Colorado are investigating A B a series of indicators that could help C themselves to predict earthquakes. D 分析: D错 , 应改为them。如果用反身代词themselves,指代对象是从句主 语that (即名词indicators),这显然是错误的。从句意来看 , help的宾语应该是主句主语researchers,故应用代词宾格而不 是反身代词。注意C并没有错,情态动词could 比can语气弱, 表示较小的可能性。 Indicator为征兆, 这些征兆帮助他们来 预言地震。主语是征兆,后面指研究者,不是同一个事物。 (三)代词的单复数,代词的性别来源:考试大在考试中如 果代词打横线,代词错误的概率是非常高的,因此代词打横 线,应该先看代词有没有错。例:The continental divide refers to an imaginary line in the North American Rockies that divides the waters flowing into the Atlantic Ocean from it flowing into the ABC D Pacific. 分析: D错, 应改为those。 D指代复数名词waters, it 是单数,显然是错误的,根据习惯故改为those。注意waters一 词并没有错,它指江湖河海中的大片水域,可用复数形式。 Water作为水是不可数名词, waters表示水域, 通常使用复数

形式,作主语谓语动词用复数。Work作为工作是不可数名词 , work作为作品,可数不可数都可以,例如: Many of his works= much of his work, work都表示作品例: In 1920 the presidential candidate Warren Harding coined A the word " normalcy " to express social and B economic conditions they promised the nation. C D 分析: D错,应改为he。动作promised 是由Warren Harding发出来的,故用第三人称单数he来指代。 例: Many critics believe that Amy Lwell's most important A work is not poetry, but his biography, John B C Keats, published the year of her death. D 分析: C错, 应改为her。his指男性, 显然是错误 的,应改为her与后面的her同指Amy Lowell.(四)Who 和which的区别 which指代事物或者动物, who指代人 , who/whom son往往要改为whose son, whose可以指代事物。 例: The human body contains more than six hundred muscles who A B account for approximately forty percent of the body weight. C D 分析:B错,应改为which或that。先行词不是指人,而是指物 ,关系代词不能用who,故改为which或that。 人体前面加定冠 词the, account for 占有多大的比例,解释说明。 (五) that 和which的区别来源:考试大介词后面使用which,而不用that, in that除外来源:考试大例:When television was first introduced, the extent to that it A B would affect society could not have been foreseen. C D 分析: B错,应改为which。 The extent to which, 介词加which(引导定语从句), 影响社会的程度没 有被预见 (六) 定语从句的特殊省略来源:考试大 Reason后 面有定语从句,中间往往省略why, Time后面有定语从句,中 间往往省略when, way后面有定语从句,中间省略了in which

。 I do remember the time I heard the sweetest voice in the wild world. 例:Research on pain has been neglected, although the mainly A B reason people take medicine is to relieve pain. C D 分析:B错,应改为main。mainly为副词,不能个饰后面的名词,故改为形容词main。句子中people take medicine修饰reason,定语从句引导词被省略 例:Commercial expansion from city to suburb has affected the way people in the United States----. (A) living and working来源:考试大(B)they live and work 来源:考试大(C)live and work来源:考试大(D)to live and to work 分析:选择C, the way people....影响了人们生活和工作的方式。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com