托福考试改错题常考要点及例题分析(下) PDF转换可能 丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/117/2021_2022__E6_89_98 E 7_A6_8F_E8_80_83_E8_c81_117504.htm 五、句子的结构来源: 考试大句子的结构主要考查四个出题方向。(一)主语的重复 来源:考试大名词代词谓语,这个代词永远是重复的主语, 永远是错的例: Woodrow Wilson he was an idealist who refused to make any A B compromises concerning the establishment of the C D League of Nations. 分析:代词he不是同位语,主语重复; 如果是下面这样的主语,那么便是主语同位语 A prolific writer, Woodrow Wilson 例: Two unique features of the Arctic they are A B lack of precipitation and permanently frozen ground. C D 分析: 选项B中的they和前面的主语two unique features重复 (二)谓语 的重复来源:考试大完整的句子后面又多了一个谓语,往往 改为定语从句 例:A paragraph is a portion of a text consists of 来 源:考试AB one or more sentences related to the same idea. CD 分析:B错,应改为consisting of或which consists of。句中有两 个无法连接的谓语动词,而且前一个谓语动词下面没有划线 , 故改consists为非谓语动词形式或在它前面加which使之成为 从句谓语动词。 (三)谓语的缺少来源:考试大例:Most mammals to maintain a relatively constant body A B temperature, regardless of what the air temperature might be. C D 分析: A错, 应改为maintain。句中缺谓语动词,故去掉不定式符号to 使maintain变成谓语动词。 (四)主句的重复 主句的重复总是 考even, instead, during, despite等引导的句子, 但是实际上它们 无法把两个句子连接起来,因为它们都是副词或者介词,连

接两个句子应该用连接词连接例:Salmon spend most of their adult lives in salt water, despite A B C they return to their freshwater birthplaces to spawn and die. D 分析:C错,应改为though。despite是介词,后面一般接名词作宾语,而在句中它后面却跟着一个完整的句子,所以改为连词though。例:Solar eclipses occur during the Moons shadow 来源:考试大A B sweeps across the face of the Earth. C D 分析:B错,应改为when或as。介词不能引导条件状语从句,根据题意改为从属连词when或as。例:Even many early leaders of the United States have provided A B names for towns, only George Washington来源:考试大 C is remembered in the name of a state.来源:考试大 D 分析:A错,应改为Even though。even为副词,不能引导从句,根据题意,改为引导让步状语从句的Even though。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问www.100test.com