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2、对话内容分类

若按对话内容分类，则可分为以下几种类型：A、时间类：

包括直接型和计算型。如：W: Your library books are due on December 13th. If you have not finished using them by then, you may renew them once. M: Thank you very much. I only need them for a few days. Q: When must the man return his books to the library?

B、数字类：包括直接型和计算型。如：W: Do you live in a college dormitory? M: Yes, I do. It's a six-man suite, but at the moment only four of us live there. Q: How many people share the suite now?

C、地点类：包括直接型和含蓄型。如：M: I need to cash this check? W: Will you step right over to the teller's window, please? Q: Where is the conversation most probably taking place?

D、否定类：此类对话既可以含有not,no,neither,nor等否定词，也有but,although等转折词，或由would rather,too...to结构及虚拟语气等表达。因此，对于后者要特别加以注意。如：M: Ann, do you have any extra money you could loan me? W: I wish I could help you. I went shopping yesterday. Now I have only two dollars till the end of the week. Q: Will the man borrow any money from the woman? 此题的答案肯定是No。听这段话时要抓住I wish I could help you.这一关键话语。这句话虽然从表面上看是肯定式，但却隐含着I'm sorry I can't help you.的意思。

E、人物类：包括人物关系、人物身份两类。此类对话提供一个情节，能反映所涉及的人的关系或身份。如：M:

Good evening, Madam. There is a table for two over there. This way, please. W: Thank you. Could I see the menu, please? Q: What ' s the relationship between the man and woman? A) Husband and wife. B) Waiter and customer. C) Salesman and customer. D) Host and guest.

F、活动类：这一类谈话内容可涉及上课、娱乐、工作、日常生活等各种情况。如：W: Are you going to New York next weekend? M: Yes, I ' m going to look up Bill while I ' m there. Q: What ' s the man going to do? 这类对话中往往先后出现几种情况，要注意听问句是什么，然后再作出选择。

3、几种常见的解题方法 A 节中的对话虽然简短，但多数情况下，往往不能从听到的内容中找到与选择项内容完全相同的部分，即对话中一般没有现成的答案。因此，在听的时候要注意抓住选择项的同义或反义词（组）用辨别法答题（解活动类多用此方法），或根据对话内容采用归纳、推论或辨别的方法回答。用这种方法答题，类型不仅仅限于诸如"what does the man mean?"这样的题目，其它如含蓄人物类、人物身份类、含蓄地点类、否定类题目也与此类似。如：W: How do you like the play you saw last night? M: Well, I should have stayed at home. Q: What does the man think of the play? A) It is exciting. B) It is boring. C) He didn ' t see the play. D) He like it very much. 对话中"I should have stayed at home."（我真该待在家里），这句话已婉转地表明他不喜欢这出戏，而对没有待在家里表示遗憾、后悔（should have done something这种结构可用来表示"对应应该发生而实际上没有发生的事情表示遗憾、后悔或谴责）。能使他产生此感想的原因自然是"The play is boring."（演出令人厌烦），因而 B 是正确的答案。否定类题目多含有虚拟语

气、语气否定、暗示比喻、强化意见等形式。这一节属于此数字类题目的对话中，多出现两处，甚至三、四处数字或时间，因此，除了用辨别方法外，有时必须用计算方法才能得出正确答案。100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)