

语法试题的干扰项分析和答题技巧（二）PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/120/2021_2022__E8_AF_AD_E6_B3_95_E8_AF_95_E9_c83_120142.htm 做主语的表示上班

迟到的原因，自然应该是"交通堵塞"，而不是"被堵的道路"，所以还是动名词复合结构，答案为D。 The concerned mother thrilled at the news of his son _____ to college. A. had been

admitted B. admitted C. having been admitted D. having admitted 消息表达的应该是个事件，说明不是"被录取的孩子"，介词of后不可能接从句，说明of后为动名词的复合结构，答案是C。

3) 注意分析非谓语动词与其逻辑主语之间的关系 正确判断非谓语动词与起逻辑主语之间的关系是正确选择非谓语动词形式的保证，不管是做什么成分的非谓语动词都体现以下特点：如果非谓语动词与逻辑主语之间是主谓关系，则用现在分词；如果非谓语动词与逻辑主语之间是动宾关系，则用过去分词；如果表示将来，则用动词不定式。这是非谓语动词运用的基本原则，然后再根据其不同的作用，掌握其更细的规则。如：(1)做定语时 做定语的可以是动名词、分词或不定式。动名词做前置定语，所构成的大多为固定短语，四级考试一般不涉及。主要考查分词和不定式做定语。分词或不定式做定语一般做后置定语。 The project _____ by the end of

2000, will expand the city's telephone network to cover 1,000,000 users. A. accomplished B. being accomplished C. to be

accomplished D. having been accomplished Hard work _____ on time will lead to better grades.(1995.1) A. done B. be done C. having

done D. to have been done As early as 1647 Ohio made a

decision that free, tax-supported schools must be established in every town _____ 50 households or more. (1998.1) A. having B. to have C. to have had D. having had

Those _____ to the conference were mostly famous scientists. A. invited B. were invited C. inviting D. to invite

做定语的非谓语动词有以下几种形式：

"doing 结构"：分词与中心词之间是主谓关系，表示正在进行，或状态。如

"being done 结构"：分词与中心词之间是动宾关系，表示被动和正在进行，如：No one is to enter the building being repaired.

"to be done 结构"：不定式与中心词之间是动宾关系，表示将来和被动，如_____。

"done 结构"：分词与中心词之间是动宾关系，表示被动、完成或一般，如_____。

"to do 结构"：不定式与中心词之间是主谓关系，表示将来。如：The professor to give us a speech tomorrow is said to have compiled many scientific works.

完成形式不能做定语，包括分词的完成形式和不定式的完成形式。

(2) 做状语 做状语的可以是不定式，也可以是分词。大体结构有：

"doing 结构"：分词与句子主语为主谓关系，表示与谓语动词同时发生，或基本上同时发生，或是同时存在的状态。如：_____ the earth to be flat, many feared that Columbus would fall off the edge of the earth.

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