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1) 有些形容词(包括已变为形容词的分词)可以接不定式。【例如】I am eager to see him and tell him the truth. I am sure to pass the exam because I have made very good preparation. 这样用的形容词多是表示感情的。如: content(满意的), afraid(害怕的), anxious(渴望的), lucky(幸运的), careful(小心的), inclined(有意的), willing(情愿的), sorry(难过的), eager(热切的), sure(肯定的), determined(有决心的), foolish(愚蠢的), anxious(焦急的)等。这种句型有时为了突出形容词,还可以改为以it作形式主语的句子。【例如】It was wise of you to accept his advice. It was stupid of her to make such a mistake. It was unwise of me to have believed him. 2) 在有些形容词后面可以跟一个that引导的从句。能这样使用的形容词如: certain(确定的), aware(知道的), sure(肯定的), confident(确信的), sorry(遗憾的), conscious(察觉的), afraid(担心的), delighted(愉快的), surprised(惊奇的), disappointed(失望的)等。【例如】I am aware that I must begin now if I want to pass the test. They were disappointed that you didn't show up at yesterday's party. I am sorry that the Chinese soccer team was defeated again. 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com