

副词在句中的位置 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/120/2021_2022__E5_89_AF_E8_AF_8D_E5_9C_A8_E5_c83_120556.htm

1) 修饰形容词或副词时，通常放在前面。2) 当句子的谓语动词是行为动词时，频度副词一般放在谓语动词之前。句中有be或助动词、情态动词时，放在其后。【例如】I often go to the cinema on weekend with my husband. I can hardly understand him for what he said was really confusing. have never been abroad until now. 3) 程度副词修饰形容词或副词，通常放在被修饰的形容词之前。但是enough总是放在所修饰的形容词或副词之后。【例如】The boy didn't work hard enough. He is quite diligent. But his achievement is not good enough. 4) only的位置比较灵活，修饰哪个词，就放在哪个词的前面，以示强调。【例如】I only saw John yesterday. I didn't see his wife. I have bought two kilos of potatoes only. Only in the afternoon, can you borrow books from the university library. 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com