

CET4英语语法：may和might的用法辨析 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/120/2021\\_2022\\_CET4\\_E8\\_8B\\_B1\\_E8\\_AF\\_AD\\_c83\\_120612.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/120/2021_2022_CET4_E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_c83_120612.htm) may和might可以表示可能性和许可。might的语气比may较婉转。此外，may也可以接动词的完成形式，表示可能、说不定已经做某事。【例如】i

thought it might be difficult for me to learn advanced mathematics.

（可能性）may i come in, sir? （许可）she may have gone to the hospital. research findings show we spend about two hours dreaming every night, no matter what we \_\_\_\_\_ during the day. (cet-4 1999,1) a)

must have done b) should have done c) would have done d) may have done 情态动词后面加动词完成式，有不同意义。must have done表示一定做过某事；should have done表示本应该做某事，含有批评的意思；would have done主要用于虚拟语气，表示对过去的虚拟；may have done表示可能已经作过某事。

根据句意：研究结果表明，我们每晚有两个小时做梦，不管白天可能做了什么，情态动词后表示可能性，故答案应为d。

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