

2006年春季英语六级讲义重点语法复习 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/121/2021\\_2022\\_2006\\_E5\\_B9\\_B4\\_E6\\_98\\_A5\\_c84\\_121864.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/121/2021_2022_2006_E5_B9_B4_E6_98_A5_c84_121864.htm) 一、完形填空特点来源

：www.examda.com 1 . 测试考生对篇章的理解能力来源

：www.examda.com 2 . 测试考生对语法结构的理解和综合运用能力二、完形填空的重点和难点1 . 词汇辨义题；2 . 习惯用法及固定搭配题；3 . 语法结构题；4 . 逻辑推理题。来源

：www.examda.com 三、完形填空答题步骤1 . 快速浏览全文；2 . 仔细阅读每一句话，培养语感；3 . 复查。四、重点语法复习1 . 动词时态：一般现在时，一般过去时，一般将来时

，现在进行时，过去进行时，将来进行时，现在完成时，过去完成时，将来完成时，现在完成进行时，过去完成进行时，过去将来时，过去将来进行时，过去将来完成时，过去将来完成进行时。2 . 虚拟语气来源：www.examda.com 1 ) 基本形式：与现在实际情况相虚拟，与过去实际情况虚拟，与将来实际情况虚拟，与将来实际情况可能相反。2 ) 特殊句型：

( 1 ) Had the doctor been available, the child would have been saved . ( 2 ) if only, suppose : If only I could afford such a big house . Suppose you were a millionaire, how would you spend the money? ( 3 ) It is ( about, high ) time sb . did sth . ( 4 ) without, but for, but that, or, otherwise : Without air and water, no human being could survive on the earth . But for your timely help, we couldnt have finished the job on time . She was seriously ill last night, otherwise she would have attended the party . ( 5 ) 错综时间条件句 : If I were you, I wouldnt have left school so early . Had

you listened to your parents ten years ago, you would be a successful scientist now . ( 6 ) 需要用虚拟的动词 : suggest, propose, insist, prefer, order, command, advise, desire, recommend, require, intend, decide, request, deserve, demand, determine, arrange, beg, ask, pray, urge, move, instruct, stipulate, maintain ( 7 ) 需要用虚拟的名词 idea, importance, insistence, motion, order, plan, proposal, recommendation, request, suggestion, necessity, desire, motion, requirement, resolution, demand, stipulation, advice, preference, wish ( 8 ) 需要用虚拟的形容词 advisable, anxious, appropriate, better, desirable, eager, essential, imperative, important, insistent, keen, natural, necessary, possible, preferable, proper, urgent, vital, absurd, best, content, unfair, odd, pleasant, right, strange, crucial, surprising ( 9 ) wish She wishes that she were a teacher . I wish I could take a walk on the moon . ( 10 ) would ( had ) rather, would sooner, would just as soon I'd rather you stayed with us tonight . I would just as soon they had done the job ahead of time . ( 11 ) as if, as though She talks as if she were a doctor . ( It seems as if its going to rain . ) ( 12 ) in case, lest, for fear that She took an umbrella in case it should rain . Remember to leave earlier lest you should miss the train . ( 13 ) if only If only I could speak fluent English . 3 . 非谓语动词 1 ) 以不定式做宾语的动词 aim, arrange, ask, afford, agree, apply, attempt, beg, bother, choose, claim, consent, care, decide, decline, demand, dare, desire, determine, elect, endeavor, expect, fail, forget, guarantee, happen, hesitate, hope, intend, learn, long, manage, offer, ought, plan, prepare, presume, pretend, proceed, profess, promise, refuse,

request, resolve, seek, strive, swear, tend, threaten, undertake, volunteer, wish2 ) 以动名词做宾语的动词miss, mind, enjoy, avoid, admit, finish, escape, practice, acknowledge, advise, allow, anticipate, appreciate, consider, complete, contemplate, delay, deny, endure, evade, facilitate, favor, forbid, forgive, imagine, involve, permit, quit, resent, resume, suggest, advocate, detest, excuse, fancy, mention, resist, stand, understand, celebrate, dispute, doubt, dread, ensure, hinder, prohibit, recommend, cant help, feel like3 ) 不定式和动名词都可 , 但意义不同mean, try, stop, regret, forget, remember, go on, love, like, hate, prefer, dislike 100Test 下载频道 开通 , 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)