

英语四六级听力考查模式详细举例-上(2) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式, 建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/122/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E8\\_8B\\_B1\\_E8\\_AF\\_AD\\_E5\\_9B\\_9B\\_E5\\_c83\\_122477.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/122/2021_2022__E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_E5_9B_9B_E5_c83_122477.htm) (2)借助对话中提到的

的多个地点设题有时对话中提到的地点不只一个,这时,一般是将所有的地点都包括在选项之中。这种情况下,同学们不必考虑信息词问题,只要能将地点与其相关事件联系起来就可确定

答案。如: M: I did not see our boss yesterday. Has he come

back?W: He was just back from France besides visiting Britain,

Germany, and Spain.Q: Which country did the woman visit first?A.

FranceB. BritainC. GermanyD. Spain四个地点都是访问过的地

点,要求同学们能够分清先后。答案为B。 M: Will Mr. Smith

come to the party at the weekend?W: He'll be supposed to, but he

won't be back from his trip until the next week.Q: Where will Mr.

Smith be on Saturday?A. At the partyB. At homeC. Still on his tripD.

Back from his trip.本题是将地点与时间连在一起,要求同学们在

听的同时注意区别每个事件所发生的时间,答案为C。2) 职业、

身份根据说话内容判断说话者的身份和职业是四六级听力

测试中又一常见题型。该题型的题项设计有两种:(1)说话者

自身的身份或职业根据谈话内容判断说话者一方的职业或身

份: W: Good evening, Professor David. My name is Susan Gray.

Im with the local newspaper. Do you mind if I ask you a few

questions?M: Not at all. Go ahead, please.Q: What is Susan Gray?A.

A writer.B. A teacher.C. A reporter.D. A student.由local newspaper

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