PETS语法辅导:分词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/124/2021\_2022\_PETS\_E8\_AF \_AD\_E6\_B3\_95\_c88\_124805.htm 9.1 分词作定语 分词前置 We can see the rising sun. 我们可以看到东升的旭日 He is a retired worker. 他是位退休的工人 分词后置 (i.分词词组;ii. 个别分词 如given, left; iii. 修饰不定代词 something等) There was a girl sitting there. 有个女孩坐在那里 This is the question given. 这是所 给的问题 There is nothing interesting. 没有有趣的东西 过去分词 作定语 与其修饰的词是被动关系,相当于一个被动语态的定 语从句。 Most of the people invited to the party were famous scientists. Most of the artists invited to the party were from South Africa. 典型例题 1) The first textbook \_\_\_\_ for teaching English as a foreign language came out in the 16th century. A. have written B. to be written C. being written D. written 答案D. 书与写作是被动关 系,应用过去分词做定语表被动,相当于定语从句 which is written 2) What 's the language \_\_\_\_\_ in Germany? A. speaking B. spoken C. be spoken D. to speak 答案B. 主语language与谓语动词 之间有被动的含义。 spoken是动词speak的过去分词形式,在 句中作定语,修饰主语language, spoken 与 language有被动关系 该句可以理解为: What 's the language (which is) spoken in German? 9.2 分词作状语 As I didn 't receive any letter from him, I gave him a call. -> Not receiving any letter from him, I gave him a call. 由于没有收到他的信, 我给他打了电话。 If more attention was given, the trees could have grown better. -> Given more attention, the trees could have grown better. 假如多给些照顾,

那些树会长得更好。 典型例题 1 ) \_\_\_\_\_ some officials, Napoleon inspected his army. A. Followed B. Followed by C. Being followed D. Having been followed 答案B. Napoleon 与follow 之间 有被动的含义。being followed除表达被动之外,还有动作正 在进行之意。 followed by (被...跟随)。本题可改为: With some officials following, Napoleon inspected his army. 2) There was a terrible noise \_\_\_\_ the sudden burst of light. A. followed B. following C. to be followed D. being followed 答案B. 由于声音在 闪电后,因此为声跟随着光,声音为跟随的发出者,为主动 用现在分词。 3) \_\_\_\_\_, liquids can be changed into gases. A. Heating B. To be heated C. Heated D. Heat 答案C. 本题要选一 分词作为状语。现在分词表主动,正在进行的;过去分词表 被动的,已经完成的。对于液体来说是加热的受动者,是被 动的,因而选C。它相当于一个状语从句 When it is heated,... 注意:选择现在分词还是过去分词,关键看主句的主语。如 分词的动作是主句的主语发出,分词就选用现在分词,反之 就用过去分词。 (Being ) used for a long time, the book looks old. 由于用了很长时间,这本书看上去很旧。 Using the book, I find it useful. 在使用的过程中, 我发现这本书很有用。 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com