公共自考英语一级样题介绍:阅读篇 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/125/2021\_2022\_\_E5\_85\_AC\_ E5\_85\_B1\_E8\_87\_AA\_E8\_c88\_125607.htm 第三部分:阅读理解 第一节:词语配伍从右栏所给选项中选出与左栏各项意义相 符的选项,并在客观题答题卡上将该项涂黑。例:0. You can stay here on holidays.答案: [F] 1. People go to see films there. [A] hospital2. People study things here. [B] restaurant3. People buy things with this. [C] cinema4. People buy meals and eat here. [D] school5. People go to work in this. [E] money [F] hotel [G] bus 第 二节:短文理解1阅读下面短文,从A(Right)、B(Wrong) C(Doesn't Say)三个判断中选择一个正确选项,并在客观 题答题卡上将该项涂黑。 t was a cold spring morning in London. People walking in the street were wearing heavy clothes. The weather had been very bad for the past week, and now many people were ill. Today there were quite a few people in the doctor 's waiting room. There were still a few minutes before the doctor started seeing the patients (患者).A woman of about sixty years old was at the front of the queue (排队). She did not live in this city. She came from a farm north of London. She was here to visit her daughter who was a secretary in a big company. She wanted to see the doctor because of her back problem. Soon an Indian (印地安人) came into the waiting room, and walked straight to the doctor 's door. When she saw this, the old woman stood up and took hold of his arm. She said, slowly, "We were all here before you. You must wait for your turn. Do ... you ... understand?"The Indian answered, "No, madam. YOU don

't understand! You 're all after me! I am the doctor!" 1. The change of weather made a lot of people sick.[A] Right [B] Wrong [C] Doesn 't say. 2. The old woman 's home was in London.[A] Right [B] Wrong [C] Doesn 't say 3. The old woman 's daughter was at the doctor 's, too.[A] Right [B] Wrong [C] Doesn 't say. 4. The old woman thought the man was the doctor.[A] Right [B] Wrong [C] Doesn 't say. 5. All the other people in the room knew the Indian was the doctor.[A] Right [B] Wrong [C] Doesn 't say. 第三节:短文理解2阅读下列短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选 择一个正确答案,并在客观题答题卡上将该项涂黑。请根据 下面短文回答第1~6题: 'Where is the university?' is a question many visitors to Cambridge ask, but no one can give them a clear answer for there is no wall to be found around the university. The university is the city. You can find the classroom buildings, libraries, museums and offices of the university all over the city. And most of its members are the students and teachers or professors of the thirty-one colleges. Cambridge was already a developing town long before the first students and teachers arrived 800 years ago. It grew up by the river Granta, as the Cam was once called. A bridge was built over the river as early as 875. In the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries more and more land was used for college buildings. The town grew much faster in the nineteenth century after the opening of the railway in 1845. Cambridge became a city in 1951 and now it has a population (人口) of over 100,000. Many young students want to study at Cambridge. Thousands of people from all over the world come to visit the university town. It has become a famous place all

around the world. 1. Why do most visitors come to Cambridge?[A] To see Cambridge University.[B] To study in the colleges in Cambridge.[C] To use the libraries of the university. 2. What does "its" refer to (指的是??) in "... most of its members are ..."?[A] The museum or office.[B] The people in Cambridge.[C] The University of Cambridge 3. Around what time did the university begin to appear?[A] In the 9th century.[B] In the 13th century.[C] In the 15th century. 4. Why did people name the city Cambridge?[A] Because there is a bridge over the Cam.[B] Because the river was very well known.[C] Because there is a river named Granta. 5. After which year did the town really begin to develop?[A] After 800. [B] After 875. [C] After 1845. 6. From what we read, we know that now Cambridge is \_\_\_\_\_.[A] visited by international tourists[B] a city of growing population[C] may have a wall around it 100Test 下 载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com