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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/125/2021_2022__E5_85_A8_ E5_9B_BD_E5_85_AC_E5_c88_125781.htm 分词前置 We can see the rising sun. 我们可以看到东升的旭日 He is a retired worker. 他 是位退休的工人分词后置 (i.分词词组; ii. 个别分词如given, left; iii. 修饰不定代词 something等) There was a girl sitting there. 有个女孩坐在那里 This is the question given. 这是所给的问题 There is nothing interesting. 没有有趣的东西过去分词作定语 与 其修饰的词是被动关系,相当于一个被动语态的定语从句。 Most of the people invited to the party were famous scientists. Most of the artists invited to the party were from South Africa. 典型例题 1) The first textbook _____ for teaching English as a foreign language came out in the 16th century. A. have written B. to be written C. being written D. written答案D. 书与写作是被动关系,应用过去 分词做定语表被动,相当于定语从句 which is written 2) Whats the language _____ in Germany? A. speaking B. spoken C. be spoken D. to speak答案B. 主语language与谓语动词之间有被 动的含义。 spoken是动词speak的过去分词形式,在句中作定 语,修饰主语language, spoken 与 language有被动关系。该句可 以理解为: Whats the language (which is) spoken in German? 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com