

全国公共英语考试语法主动形式表示被动意义 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/125/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E5\\_85\\_A8\\_E5\\_9B\\_BD\\_E5\\_85\\_AC\\_E5\\_c88\\_125818.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/125/2021_2022__E5_85_A8_E5_9B_BD_E5_85_AC_E5_c88_125818.htm) 1) wash, clean, cook,

iron, look, cut, sell, read, wear, feel, draw, write, sell, drive... The book sells well. 这本书销路好。来源：考试大 This knife cuts easily. 这刀子很好用。 2) blame, let(出租), remain, keep, rent,

build I was to blame for the accident. Much work remains. 3)

在need, require, want, worth (形容词), deserve后的动名词必须用主动形式。 The door needs repairing.= The door needs to be

repaired. This room needs cleaning. 这房间应该打扫一下。来源：考试大 This book is worth reading. 这本书值得一读。 4) 特殊

结构：make sb. heard / understood (使别人能听见/理解自己)

, have sth. done (要某人做某事)。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)