

全国公共英语考试语法引导名词性从句的连接词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/125/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E5\\_85\\_A8\\_E5\\_9B\\_BD\\_E5\\_85\\_AC\\_E5\\_c88\\_125863.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/125/2021_2022__E5_85_A8_E5_9B_BD_E5_85_AC_E5_c88_125863.htm)

引导名词性从句的连接词可分为三类：连接词：that, whether, if (不充当从句的任何成分)

来源：考试大 连接代词：what, whatever, who, whoever, whom, whose, which.

连接副词：when, where, how, why

不可省略的连词：1. 介词后的连词 2. 引导主语从句和同位语从句的连词不可省略。

来源：考试大 That she was chosen made us very happy. We heard the news that our team had won. 比较

：whether与if均为“是否”的意思。但在下列情况下，whether不能被if取代：1. whether引导主语从句并在句首

来源：考试大 2. 引导表语从句 3. whether从句作介词宾语 4. 从句后有“or not”

来源：考试大 Whether he will come is not clear. 大部分连接词引导的主语从句都可以置于句末，用it充当形式主语。It is not important who will go. It is still unknown which team will win the match.

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