全国公共英语考试语法带to的情态动词 PDF转换可能丢失图 片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/125/2021_2022__E5_85_A8_E5_9B_BD_E5_85_AC_E5_c88_125899.htm 带to 的情态动词有四个:ought to, have to, used to, be to, 如加上have got to,(=must), be able to,为六个。它们的疑问,否定形式应予以注意:来源:考试大 Do they have to pay their bill before the end of the month? She didnt use to play tennis before she was fourteen.来源:考试大 You ought not to have told her all about it. Ought he to see a heart specialist at once.? ought to 本身作为情态动词使用。其他的词作为实义动词使用,变疑问,否定时,须有do等助动词协助。 典型例题 Tom ought not to ___ me your secret, but he meant no harm. 来源:考试大 A.have told B.tell C.be telling D. having told 答案A。由于后句为过去时,告诉秘密的动作又发生在其前因,此地应用过去完成时,但它在情态动词 ought to 后,所以用have。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com