

2006年资格考试之最新逻辑模拟试题二 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/126/2021\\_2022\\_2006\\_E5\\_B9\\_B4\\_E8\\_B5\\_84\\_c89\\_126491.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/126/2021_2022_2006_E5_B9_B4_E8_B5_84_c89_126491.htm) 13. The town of Stavanger , Norway , was quiet and peaceful until the early 1960s , when Stavanger became Norways center for offshore oil exploration. Between then and now , violent crime and vandalism in Stavanger have greatly increased. Clearly , these social problems are among the results of Stavangers oil boom. Which of the following , if it occurred between the early 1960s and now , give the strongest support to the argument above ? ( A ) The people of Stavanger rarely regret that their town was chosen to be Norways center for offshore oil exploration. ( B ) Norwegian sociologists expressed grave concern about the increase in violent crime and vandalism in stavanger. ( C ) Violent crime and vandalism have remained low in Norwegian towns that had no oil boom. ( D ) Nonviolent crime , drug addiction , and divorce in Stavanger increased approximately as much as violent crime and vandalism did. ( E ) The oil boom necessitated the building of wider roads for the increased traffic in Stavanger. 14. In the aftermath of a worldwide stock-market crash , Country T claimed that the severity of the stock-market crash it experienced resulted from the accelerated process of denationalization many of its industries underwent shortly before the crash. Which of the following , if it could be carried out , would be most useful in an evaluation of Country Ts assessment of the causes of the severity of its stock-market crash ? ( A ) Calculating the

average loss experienced by individual traders in Country T during the crash ( B ) Using economic theory to predict the most likely date of the next crash in Country T ( C ) Comparing the total number of shares sold during the worst days of the crash in Country T to the total number of shares sold in Country T just prior to the crash. ( D ) Comparing the severity of the crash in Country T to the severity of the crash in countries otherwise economically similar to Country T that have not experienced recent denationalization ( E ) Comparing the long-term effects of the crash on the purchasing power of the currency of Country T to the immediate , more severe short-term effects of the crash on the purchasing power of the currency of Country T.

15. In the 1960s , long-term studies of primate behavior often used as subjects tamarins , small monkeys that were thought ideal because they require only small cages , breed frequently , and grow quickly. Field studies were not used because they were costly and difficult. Tamarins were kept caged in male-female pairs , because otherwise , serious fights erupted between unrelated females. On the basis of the fact that breeding occurred , tamarins were viewed as monogamous. The view taken by the researchers concerning the monogamy of tamarins depended on a questionable assumption. Which of the following could have served as that assumption ? ( A ) The suppression of fighting between related females serves to protect their common genetic inheritance. ( B ) Adult male tamarins contribute to the care of tamarin infants. ( C ) The social system of tamarins requires monogamous pairing. ( D ) Male tamarin monkeys do not display

aggressive behavior in the wild. ( E ) The way the tamarins were kept in cages did not affect their mating behavior. 100Test 下载频道 开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)