

2006年托业阅读中要掌握的连接词与连接语 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/127/2021\\_2022\\_2006\\_E5\\_B9\\_B4\\_E6\\_89\\_98\\_c90\\_127570.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/127/2021_2022_2006_E5_B9_B4_E6_89_98_c90_127570.htm) 在托业考试中，如果能熟练掌握

以下连接词与连接语，就能够充分把握住作者的意图和考题的出题思路，所以希望参加托业的考生能对之要牢记在心。

了解了这些连接词与连接语的不同功能后，相信你一定会在阅读理解上有所收获。一般把连接词与连接语分为以下三类：

- 1.表明事件发生的时间顺序：then, first, at once, next, after that, previously, while, when, the following day, etc.
  - 2.表明文章的组织结构:
    - 1)Listing: firstly, in the first place, secondly, thirdly, my next point is, last/finally, etc.
    - 2)Illustrating: for example/ for instance, to illustrate, an example/ instance of this is, lets take....., take.... for example, etc.
    - 3)Re-stating: in other words, that is to say, to put it another way, let me put it this way, or rather, namely, etc.
    - 4)Referring: in this respect, in that connection, as we said, apart from this, etc.
    - 5)Resuming: to resume, to return to the previous point, getting back to the argument, etc.
    - 6)Summarizing: to sum up, in short, it amounts to this, what I have been saying is this, etc.
    - 7)Emphasizing: it is worth noting, I would like to direct your attention to, let us consider, we must now turn to, I shall begin by, etc.
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