语法词汇指导:虚拟语气详解(六)PDF转换可能丢失图片 或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/130/2021\_2022\_\_E8\_AF\_AD \_E6\_B3\_95\_E8\_AF\_8D\_E6\_c94\_130185.htm 第二节:主语从句 中的虚拟语气一、"It is (was) 形容词(或过去分词) that...... "结构中的虚拟语气在形如"It is (was) 形容词(或过去分词 ) that......"结构中,使用某些表示愿望、建议、请求、命 令、可能、适当、较好、迫切、紧近、重要等形容词后的主 语从句的谓语也用虚拟语气。其表达形式为should + 动词原 形或省略should直接用动词原形(美国英语中省去should)常 用的形容词:\* natural (自然的), appropriate (适当的), advisable ( 合适的), preferable (更可取的), better (更好的)\* necessary (必须 的), important (重要的), imperative (急需的), urgent (急迫的), essential (本质的), vital (必不可少的)\* probable (很可能的), possible (可能的)\* desirable (极好的)advisable (合理的) , compulsory(必须的), crucial(紧急的), desirable(理 想的), essential(必要的), imperative(迫切的) , incredible (惊人的), necessary (必要的), possible (可能 的), strange(奇怪的), urgent(紧迫的)。常用的过去分 词(Past Participle):\* required (需要的), demanded (要求), requested (被请求的), desired (要求)\* suggested (建议), recommended (推荐)\* orderd (命令)1. It is necessary that we (should 可省略,下同) have a walk now.(necessary, should have) ( 表示有需要去散步)2.It was necessary that we (should) make everything ready ahead of time.(necessary, should make) (表示有必 要事先做好准备)3. It is required that nobody (should) smoke

here.(required, should smoke) (表示要求不要在此抽烟)4. It is important that every pupil (should) be able to understand therule of school.(important, should be) (表示重要的是学生都能了解校 规)5. Its important that we (should) take good care of the patient.(important, should take) (表示重要的是照顾好病人)6. It is natural that she should do so. (形容词natural, should 动词原 形(do)7.It is essential that these application forms be sent back as early as possible. 这些申请表应尽早地寄回,这是很重要的 。 8. It is vital that enough money be collected to fund the project. 重要的是募集足够的钱,为这个项目提供资金。9.It is desired that we (should) get everything ready this evening.希望我们今 晚一切都准备就绪。注:在上述所列形容词后面用that引出的 宾语从句中,谓语动词也要用虚拟语气。10.I dont think it advisable that Tom be assigned to the job since he has no experience . 汤姆缺乏经验, 指派他做这项工作我认为是不恰当的。二 在It is + 名词 + that...的主语从句中的虚拟语气在It is + 名 词 + that的主语从句中,常用虚拟语气,表示建议、命令、请 求、道歉、怀疑、惊奇等。这类名词有:advice , decision , desire , demand , idea , motion , order , pity , preference , proposal , recommendation , requirement , resolution , shame , suggestion, surprise, wish, wonder等。 、It is my proposal that he be sent to study further abroad. 我建议派他去国外进一 步学习。第三节:虚拟语气用在表语从句或同位语从句中当 某些表示建议、请求、命令等主观意向的名词作主语时,其 后的表语从句或同位语从句需用虚拟语气,其表达形式 为should + 动词原形或直接用动词原形。这类名词常见的有

: demand (要求), desire (请求), requirment (要求) advice (劝告), recommendation (建议),suggestion (建议)order (命令)necessity ( 必要地), preference (优先)proposal (计划), plan (计划), idea (办 法), recommendation以及plan, idea, resolution等。We are all for your proposal that the discussion be put off. 我们都赞成你提 出的将讨论延期的建议。The suggestion that the mayor present the prizes was accepted by everyone.由市长颁发奖金的建议被 每个人接受。 The advice is that we (should 可省略,下同) leave at once.(名词advice, should leave)(表示加以劝告) My idea is that we (should) get more people to attend the conference.(idea, should get) (表示做出主意) 、 I make a proposal that we (should) hold a meeting next week. (proposal, should hold) (表示做出计划) 、 The judge assented to the suggestion that . [ A ] both of the criminals will soon be set freedom [B] some of the criminals there are of guilt only [C] the girl was to be paroled in the custody of a welfare society [D] the prisoner be sentenced to death 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直 接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com