C 语言编程 (w 版) PDF

函数名: wherex 功能:
返回窗口内水平光标位置 用法: int wherex(void). 程序例:
#include int main(void) { clrscr(). gotoxy(10,10). cprintf("Current
location is X: %d Y: %d\r\n", wherex(), wherey()). getch(). return 0.
} 函数名: wherey 功能: 返回窗口内垂直光标位置 用法: int
wherey(void). 程序例: #include int main(void) { clrscr().
gotoxy(10,10). cprintf("Current location is X: %d Y: %d\r\n",
wherex(), wherey()). getch(). return 0. } 函数名: window 功能:
创建文本方式的窗口 用法: void window(int left, int top, int right,
int bottom). 程序例: #include int main(void) {
window(10,10,40,11). textcolor(BLACK).
textbackground(WHITE). cprintf("This is a test\r\n"). return 0. }
函数名: write 功能: 写入文件 用法: int write(int handel, void
*buf, int nbyte). 程序例: #include #include #include #include
#include #include int main(void) { int handle. char string[40]. int
length, res. /* Create a file named "TEST.$$$" in the current
directory and write a string to it. If "TEST.$$$" already exists, it will
be overwritten. */ if ((handle = open("TEST.$$$", O_WRONLY |
O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, S_IREAD | S_IWRITE)) == -1) {
printf("Error opening file.\n"). exit(1). } strcpy(string, "Hello,
world!\n"). length = strlen(string). if ((res = write(handle, string,
length)) != length) { printf("Error writing to the file.\n"). exit(1). }
printf("Wrote %d bytes to the file.\n", res). close(handle). return 0. }

struct xfcb { char xfcb_flag; /* Contains 0xff to indicate xfcb */ char xfcb_resv[5]; /* Reserved for DOS */ char xfcb_attr; /* Search attribute */ struct fcb xfcb_fcb; /* The standard fcb */}. 100Test