

意大利语职位名称 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/149/2021_2022__E6_84_8F_E5_A4_A7_E5_88_A9_E8_c105_149047.htm You probably know

that for every professore there is a professoressa, and for every studente there is a studentessa. But how about other nouns of profession, status, or relation that have a male and a female version? Most masculine nouns ending in -tore become feminine by changing -tore to -trice (see table below). GENDERED NOUNS: FROM -TORE TO

-TRICE
MASCULINE FEMININE ENGLISH
Hattore attrice actor
autore autrice author
direttore direttrice director
imperatore imperatrice emperor/empress
lavoratore lavoratrice worker
pittore pittrice painter
scrittore scrittrice writer
stiratore stiratrice presser
traditore traditrice traitor
traduttore traduttrice translator
Some masculine nouns become feminine by changing their final vowel to -a (see table below). GENDERED NOUNS THAT GAIN AN -A IN THE

FEMININE
MASCULINE FEMININE ENGLISH
cameriere cameriera waiter/waitress
cassiere cassiera bank teller
figlio figliason/daughter
giardiniere giardiniera gardener
infermiere infermiera nurse
marchese marchesa marquis/marchioness
padrone padrona boss,

owner
portiere portiera doorman/doorwoman
sarto sartata tailor/dressmaker
signore signora Mr./Mrs.
Take note that there are certain names of professions that end in -a regardless of whether the term refers to a male or a female. In such case, the gender distinction is made by the

definite article: il giornalista/la giornalista, il dentista/la dentista. The plurals of these professions follow the same general rule as with any other noun: Plural masculine nouns end in -i (i giornalisti, i dentisti), plural feminine nouns end in -e (le giornaliste, le dentiste).

100Test
下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问

www.100test.com