2007年商务英语考试二级模拟试题— PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/150/2021_2022_2007_E5_B9_ B4_E5_95_86_c85_150984.htm —.READING PART ONE Questions 1-7. Read these sentences and the share prices below... Which stock market does each sentence(1-7) describe? . For each sentence mark one letter (A,B,C or D) on your Answer Sheet. Example: The index went up more than one thousand. Answer: A 1. The share prices were influenced by the improvement of the two countries relations. 2. Over the week ,turnover rose by T \$ 5. 83bn. 3. Many people went to buy capitalization stocks. 4. In the beginning many foreign shareholders buy blue chips at high prices. 5. Price was lower after shareholders sold stocks in industrials to make profit. 6. On Thursday price 0dropped and then rose again. 7. The falling of composite index rose by 1. 3 per cent on the week. A. Bangkok rose 2 per cent on the day and 3.4 per cent over the week as buyers moved in to large market capitalization stocks. The SET index rose 27.55 to 1,383.57 in turnover of Bt 8.5 bn, down from Thursdays Bt 10bn. B. Taipei was pulled lower by late profit-taking in industrials after Thursdays rebound, and the weighted index fell 45.59 to 5,806.77, or 1.7 per cent, over the week. Turnover rose to T \$41.51 bn from T \$ 35. 78bn. C. Manila opened strongly on foreign buying of blue chips but dipped at the close as profits were taken. The composite index fell 10.07 to 2,907.00, 1.3 per cent higher on the week D. Hong Kong finished a mixed day slightly lower, sapped by profit-taking on confirmation of US renewal of Chinas MFN trade

status and concerns over the lower domestic property market. The Hang Seng index fell 11.58 to close at 9,470.13, 1.7 per cent lower on the week. PART TWO Questions 8-12. Read this letter to the editor of The Economist.. Choose the best sentence from the list A-I to fill each of the blanks. . For each blank (8-12) mark one letter (A-I) on your Answer Sheet. . Do not mar4 any letter twice. . One answer has been given as an example. Sir- You state on February 13th that New Mexico has "few natural resources",... ... example..... In 1991 New Mexico ranked fourth in the United States in production of natural gas, seventh in oil and tenth in non-fuel minerals 8... ... Non-fuel minerals contributed about \$ 1 billion and coal \$ 509 million. Taxes from production of fuels and minerals, and lease payments on state lands have been set aside by legislative acts to endow two permanent funds worth about \$ 5.65 billion, 9 In addition, during fiscal year 1991, payments to New Mexico from taxes on federal lands were S 108 million, all earmarked for public education. 10 About \$566 million came from taxes and permanent-fund earnings attributable to oil and gas production.11 Tourism is an important industry in New Mexico, yet its economic impact on the public sector is dwarfed by that of mineral production. New Mexico came through the recent recession in much better shape than most other states. It does not have a deficit. 12... ... States that rely primarily on a sales tax or on an income tax have big problems during economic downturns. Income growth per head in New Mexico averaged 6. 1/00 in the year to October 1992-one of the fastest growth rates in the United States. Charles

Chapin Example: C A. It has a broadly based tax structure an important point. B. In 1992 it produced more oil than Colorado and Kansas combined. C. However, the extractive mineral industry in New Mexico is one of the states strongest economic forces. D. During fiscal year 1992 New Mexico raised permanent funds worth about \$6.1 billion. E. The combined value of oil and gas production was \$ 2. 8 billion. F. Some 16, 000 employees work in the extractive industries and their wages are among the highest of any major industry. G. The \$39 million earned by these funds in 1991 was used to finance education and other public services. H. Only S 25 million came from agricultural taxes. I. New Mexicos extractive mineral industries contribute about a third of the states \$ 1. 9 billion general-fund income in fiscal year 1991. PART THREE Questions 13-20. Read this letter about Compensation Trade, and answer the following questions. Ministry of Foreign Trade 19th January, 1 993 Xi Changan Street Beijing, China Dear Sirs, This letter is in regard to the window glass business between our firm and the China National Light industrial Products Import & Daren Export Corporation, Daren Branch and the Daren Window Glass Factory. 1. Our two sides sincerely worked in the past and the window glass business has already been done successfully. However, the quantity of products doesn't meet our requirements. This company wants to develop the trade and business further in this line. We now expect to begin working with all the other branches and window glass factories on the same basis, i. e. compensation trade. 2. For the U.S.A. market, we require very large quantities of small cut sizes. Therefore, we are

asking your prompt assistance to help us out in expanding glass-cutting business. We would highly appreciate it if you take this matter into consideration. We are certain that, with your prompt cooperation, our purchases of Chinese window glass for sale in the U. S. A. market will very quickly increase to a large and substantial volume. With the establishment of diplomatic relations between our two countries, the time is now right for a very quick and large increase in trade between us. 3. For your information, we are doing everything possible to cooperate in achieving our mutual goal of making the window glass business a very large one. We have offered to purchase various equipment for your Dairen factory which will increase its products, improve quality and raise its efficiency. We have offered to accept payment for this machinery in the form of buy-back of glass. We have also cooperated with the factory in making suggestions for better efficient packing and containerization. The factory has been very cooperative and receptive to our ideas. As we want to begin our business with the other branches too, we plan to offer the same suggestions and proposals to purchase machinery for them. 4. From this letter, you can see that we are very sincere in our desire for a long-term relationship between our two countries and our firm and the various branches of the China National Light industrial Products Import and Export Corporation, Window Glass Departments. During our next visit to China, we will discuss the appointment of our firm as the exclusive agent for Chinese Window Glass in the U.S.A. market. Since we have discussed this question in the past, we expect that the official appointment of our firm as the