

应试写作学与练：比较篇 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/155/2021_2022__E5_BA_94_E8_AF_95_E5_86_99_E4_c64_155591.htm 比较型议论文通常是运用比较手段阐述自己的观点。例如：Where to live in the city or in the country? Do you prefer to independently after marriage or continue to live together with your parents? Which is your pastime watching TV and listening to music or taking part in sports and games? 这种类型的作文在具体写作时，要根据自己的观点对赞成的事物，其优点要多写详写，而对其缺点要少写，甚至略过；而对反对的事物，其优点要少写略写，一笔带过，对其缺点则要不惜笔墨，大写特写。这样处理，作者的观点才能得以体现。我们可以从两种结构模式来学习比较型作文的写作。一种是A1A2A3B1B2B3整体比较法：Paragraph 1 S (1) Topic: The subjects to be compared S (2) Thesis: Your preference for B over A Paragraph 2 S (3) Concede As advantage S (4) But As disadvantage 1 S (5) As disadvantage 2 S (7) Illustrate Bs advantage 1 S (8) Bs advantage 2 Paragraph 3 Conclusion 文章开头引出要比较的两个事物，点明作者的观点：赞成哪一个，反对哪一个。第二段中先承认所反对的事物也有优点，然后着重揭示其缺点。评完所反对的事物后，转去评论所赞成的事物。主要是详写其优点或作者赞成的理由，也可用半句或一句承认他也有不足之处。另一种结构是A1B1A2B2A3B3的分项比较法。Paragraph 2 S (3) Concede As advantages S (4) But As disadvantage 1 S (5) Bs corresponding advantage 1 S (6) As disadvantage 2 S (7) Bs

corresponding advantage 2 S (8) As disadvantage 3 S (9) Bs
corresponding advantage 3 这种类型的典型例句列举如下：用于
文章开头的句型：1. With the advent of /development of / the
improved standard of。plays an important
role/part in our daily life. (increasing attention is drawn /called to
.....) 2. While it is commonly/ generally/ widely
believed/accepted that A..... , I believe B..... 用于进行比较
时使用的句型：3. Studies/Researches/Experiments show/
demonstrate/ reveal that..... 4. On the contrary/ On the other
hand , the advantages of B.....。 5. far outweigh/ carry more
weight than advantages of A..... 6. Although B fails to / can
not , few things can be compared with/ match/ equal B in
terms of 7. The advantage /significance of B is more than
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