

初一至初三全程英语知识点总结及练习之八 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/155/2021_2022__E5_88_9D_E4_B8_80_E8_87_B3_E5_c64_155790.htm 初三年级（下）【知识梳理】

I. 重点短语1. beg ones pardon2. multiply ...by...3. slow down4. wear out 5. try on 6. make a decision, 7. a place of interest 8. make a mistake 9. drop off 10. think about11. make up ones mind,12. at all, 13. at least14. by the time 15. carry on 16. never mind 17. from now on18. come down 19. hands up 20. before long , 21. no one , 22. not...any longerII. 重要句型1. be busy doing sth.2. prefer to do sth.3. regard... as...4. be pleased with sth./sb.5. be angry with sb.III. 交际用语1. ---How much does... cost ...?2. ---It can cost as little as ... yuan and as much as ... yuan.3. ---It costs4. ---Its worth5. ---I dont agree with6. ---I wasnt sure whether7. ---I wonder if8. ---What size ...? 9. ---Have you got any other colour / size / kind? 10. ---Have you got anything cheaper? 11. ---How much are they?12. ---How much does it cost? 13. ---How much is it? 14. ---Thats a bit expensive. 15. ---Even though theyre a little expensive, Ill take them. 16. ---Ill think about 17. ---I dont think Ill take18. ---I like19. ---I dont really like20. ---Can I help you, girl? 21. ---Would you like me to look in the back?22. ---We can find23. ---Do you like being ...?24. ---Can I ask you some questions? 25. ---Sure. 26. ---It was great. 27. ---Wow! 28. ---Yeah!29. ---Oh dear!30. ---Hands up! 31. ---I ' ll shoot anyone who moves. 32. ---There ' s no need to thank me. 33. ---Can you remember anything else about him? 34. ---Come down, Polly!35.

---There is a little traffic accident . 36. ---Theres a big traffic jam.37.
---Well, Im sure hell be here before long.38. ---Im beginning to get
angry with him!39.---Yes, we cant wait any longer. Lets go without
him.40. ---Thats terrible! 41. ---Thats a really bad excuse!IV. 重要语
法1. 过去将来时 2. 过去完成时3. 动词不定式4. 定语从句【名
师讲解】1. think/ think/about/ think of(1) think 单独使用时表
示"思考", 接that 宾语从句时意为"认为", "觉得"。 I am
thinking how to work out the problem. I think she is a good student.
当宾语从句含有否定概念时, 通常形式上否定think, 但意义
上却是否定宾语从句。 I dont think he can come.I dont think it
will be windy.(2)think about 可接一个名词, 动词-ing 形式或由
疑问词引导的不定式或宾语从句, 意思是"考虑....."。 I have
thought about it for a long time. Please think about how to tell her
the bad news. (3)think of 表示"认为", 一般用于疑问句中,
与what 连用。 What do you think of the TV play? = How do you
like the TV play?2. big/ large/ great上述形容词都表示"大", 但侧
重点及程度不同。(1) big指具体事物的大小, 强调比正常形
体的标准大, 既可用在普通场合, 也可用在正式场合。它可
用来指人的身材高大或"长大了", 还可表示"伟大", "重要"之
意。如: Can you lift up this big stone?On the last day I made a big
decision.(2) large特别强调远远超过标准的大, 指体积、面积
、容积、数量之大。如: A whale is a large animal.A large crowd
collected at the gate of the theatre.(3) great除了表示数量体积之大
外, 又指抽象的程度, 意味着伟大性, 重要性, 优越性; 常
用于抽象或无形的东西; 用于有形的东西时, 常带有"伟大"
, "大得令人吃惊"等意思, 含有一定的感情色彩。如: China

is a great country with a long history. He was one of the greatest scientists. 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com