

MBA考试英语写作句型宝典 - 含连接词句型(上) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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: 考试大结构主词 + 动词... + and + 动词...。说明and当“和；并且；而”解，它常含有“结果”的意味；由and所连接的两个单字，须用相同的词性。They can visit many places and see many things. 他们可以参观许多地方并且看到许多事物。

You can stay at home and watch TV. 你可以待在家里并且看电视。We will get up early and do some housework. 我们将早起并且

做点家务。来源：考试大... or ...来源：考试大结构主词 + 动词... + or + 动词 + ...。说明or当“或者”解，含有“选择”的意味；由or所连接的两个单字，须用“相同的词性”。

They will go to the zoo or play volleyball. 他们要去动物园或打排球。He can drive his car to work or go by bus. 他可以自己驾车上

班或乘公车。We will play sports or go on a picnic. 我们将做户外运动或去野餐。来源：考试大... but ...来源：考试大结构主词 + 动词... , + but + 主词 + 动词 + ...。说明but当“但是；然而”解，它含有“相反；对比”的意味；由but所连接的

两个单字须用“相同的词性”。I went to bed late, but I got up early. 我晚睡但是早起。It doesn't rain a lot in fall, but it rains a lot in spring. 秋天不下很多雨，但春天下很多雨。He caught a cold yesterday, but he went to school today. 他昨天得了感冒，但今天去上学了。

A + Positive , but B + Negative结构A (主词) + 肯定 (或否定) ... , but + B (主词) + 否定 (或肯定) ...

。说明此句型意为“A... , 但是B不... (或：A不... , 但是B

... ) ”。but 是，用于表示“相反”或“对比”，故 but 可连接一个肯定与一个否定；本句型中要与一般的相一致。Mr. Collins was tired, but Mr. Smith wasn't. 柯林斯先生累了，但是史密斯先生不累。It won't hurt you, but chemicals will. 它不会伤害你，但是农药会。Mr. Chen knows this, but other people don't. 陈先生知道这件事，但是别人不知道。He made more money, but I didn't. 他赚了更多的钱，但是我没有。My sister eats natural foods every day, but I don't. 我妹妹每天都吃天然食品，但是我不吃。... when/as/while ...来源：考试大结构主要子句 + when / as / while + 子句说明此句型意为“当...时”

。when 引导的，不仅说明一般时间，而且可以表示与同时或提前的动作时间。两个常用现在式。as 所表示的同时意义更突出一些，语意更强一些；while 多指动作的过程，时间范围较大一些。while 后面的，如果与的相同时，while 后面的与 be 可以省略，如例句8。When I got there, they were having a negotiation. 我到那里时，他们正谈判。When I called, Tom was having dinner. 当我打电话时，汤姆正在吃晚饭。When I met Jill, she was talking to a young man. 当我遇到吉尔时，她正在和一个年轻人说话。When I entered the room, everyone was laughing loudly. 当我走进房间时，每个人都在大声地笑。When you walk into the room, the lights turn on by themselves. 每当你走入这房间，电灯自己就打开。The customer laughed as he spoke. 客户边谈边笑。Work while you work, and rest while you rest. 工作的时候工作，休息的时候休息。While she was reading in the room (=While reading in the room), she heard John call her. 当她在房间里看书时，她听见约翰在叫她。...

before/after ...来源：考试大结构主要子句 + before / after + 子句  
说明此句型意为“...之前 / 之后”。的动作发生在动作之前  
或之后。before 引导的不可用否定式。 You must send some  
sample to the customer before you go abroad. 在你出国之前，应  
该先寄给客户一些样品。 After you think it over, please let me  
know by fax. 你仔细考虑过之后，请用传真相告。 What do you  
want to do after you have concluded this transaction? 这笔生意成  
交之后你想做什么？ 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直  
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