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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/161/2021_2022__E9_98_85_E 8_AF_BB_E7_90_86_E8_c77_161564.htm Water on the earth is being recycled continously in a process known as the hydrologic cycle. The first step of the cycle is the evaporation of water in the oceans. Evaporation is the process of water turning into vapor, which then forms clouds in the sky. The The second step is the water returning to the earth in the form of precipitation: either rain, snow, or ice. When the water reachs the earths surface, it run off into the rivers, lakes, and the ocean, where the cycle begins again. 来源 : www.examda.com Not all water, however, stays on the surface of the earth in the hydrologic cycle. Some of it seeps into the ground through infiltration and collects under the earths surface as groundwater. This groundwater is extremely important to life on earth, since 95 percent of the earths water is in the oceans and is too salty for human beings or plants. Of the 5 percent on land, only 0.5 percent is above ground in rivers or lakes . The rest is underground water. This groundwater is plentiful and dependable, because it dosent depend on seasonal rain or snow. It is the major source of water for many cities. But as the population increases and the need for water also increases, the groundwater in some areas is getting dangerously low. Added to this problem is an increasing amount of pollution that seeps into the groundwater. In the future, with a growing population and more toxic water, the hydrologic cycle we depend on could become dangerously imbalanced. 1. Clouds are

formed from (A) water vapor (B) evaporation (C) the
hydrologic cycle (D) groundwater 2. Water returns to the earth by
(A) infiltration (B) pollution (C) precipitation 来源
: www.examda.com(D) evaporation 3. Groundwater (A)
depends on seasonal rain (B) comes from toxic waste (C) is 0.5
percent of all water (D) collects under the earth 4. The amount of
groundwater is (A) about 95 percent of all water (B) less than
5 percent of all water (C) 0.5 percent of above-ground water (D) 95
percent of above-ground water 5. The supply of groundwater is
going low because of (A) conservation (B) toxic waste (C)
pollution (D) population increase 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考
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