听力简短对话题型归类和应试策略(6) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/162/2021\_2022\_\_E5\_90\_AC\_ E5\_8A\_9B\_E7\_AE\_80\_E7\_c82\_162961.htm (六)肯定与否定题 听力测试题有很多对话常通过某种否定形式来表示肯定含义 , 或是利用肯定形式表示否定意义。其目的是考查学生的快 速反应能力和基础知识掌握的程度。 1、常见的以否定形式 表示肯定意义的结构有: cannot wait 不定式或can hardly wait 不定式(急于...,迫切希望...);cannot与much(或too, enough , sufficiently , over , 构成的合成词 ) 连用 ( 无论怎 么也不为过);cannot help doing(禁不住做...);cannotbut do(不得不,必然); cannot help but do(不得不); have no choice/alternative but to do (除做...外别无选择,非做...不可 );nothing but(只有,只不过);另外,还可以通过各种 比较结构来表示肯定含义,最常用的有:nothingless than (和 …一模一样,完全是);more A than B (与其说是B , 不如 说是A 或是A 而不是B ); less A than B (与其说是A , 不如说 是B 或是B 而不是A ); not so much A as B (是B 而不是A) ; A not so...as B (A 比B...) , 表达的正好是原结构中形容词 或副词的反义。 2、常见的以肯定表示否定的意义的有: anything but(根本不); used to(过去常常,是对现在的情 况的否定,说明现在已不这样做);too ...to...(太...以致不 ...,这一结构的不定式表示否定意义);prefer...to...(该短 语否定的是介词短语部分,表示"不喜欢或不会做"等) ; would rather...than (宁愿...而不,这一结构否定的是than后 的动词, would ... rather than 与其用法相同。)「例一」A)

She is going to give up biology. B ) She spends half of her time on biology. C ) To her , biology is difficult , but math is not. D ) To her , math is even more difficult than biology. M : What do you think of biology ? W : It 's given me a hard time , though it is not as difficult asmath. Q : What can we learn about the woman ? 「例二」A ) She is eager to know what the present is. B ) She is not anxious to know what it is. C ) She doesn 't now what she is asked to wait for. D ) She really doesn 't care about the present. M : What did your parents buy you for your birthday ? W : I don 't know. But I can hardly wait to see it. Q : What does the woman mean ? 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com