

06年GRE模拟试题第5部分 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/164/2021_2022_06_E5_B9_B4_GRE_E6_A8_c86_164749.htm 18. Which of the following best

describes the relationship of the second paragraph to the first? (A) The second paragraph relies on different evidence in drawing a conclusion similar to that expressed in the first paragraph. (B) The second paragraph provides further elaboration on why an assertion made at the end of the first paragraph proves to be true in most cases.

(C) The second paragraph provides additional information in support of a hypothesis stated in the first paragraph. (D) The second paragraph provides an example of a case in which the assumption described in the first paragraph is unwarranted. (E)

The second paragraph describes a phenomenon that has the same cause as the phenomenon described in the first paragraph. 19. It can be inferred from the passage that the author of the passage would be

most likely to agree with which of the following assertions about vigilant behavior?

(A) The larger the group of animals, the higher the probability that individuals in the interior of the group will exhibit vigilant behavior. (B) Vigilant behavior exhibited by individuals in small groups is more effective at warding off predators than the same behavior exhibited by individuals in larger groups.

(C) Vigilant behavior is easier to analyze in species that are preyed upon by many different predators than in species that are preyed upon by relatively few of them. (D) The term “vigilant,” when used in reference to the behavior of animals, does not refer

exclusively to behavior aimed at avoiding predators. (E) The term “ vigilant , ” when used in reference to the behavior of animals , usually refers to behavior exhibited by large groups of animals.

20.The passage provides information in support of which of the following assertions ? (A) The avoidance of predators is more important to an animals survival than is the quest for food. (B) Vigilant behavior aimed at predators is seldom more beneficial to groups of animals than to individual animals. (C) Different species of animals often develop different strategies for dealing with predators. (D) The size of a group of animals does not necessarily reflect its success in finding food. (E) Similar behavior in different species of animals does not necessarily serve the same purpose.

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