英语词汇考试中的解题思路对策 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/171/2021\_2022\_\_E8\_8B\_B1\_ E8\_AF\_AD\_E8\_AF\_8D\_E6\_c77\_171435.htm 语言中词汇, 犹如 建造摩天大楼的砖瓦,是构成语言的基础。掌握好这一部分 不仅有利于做好词汇试题,也对答好全套试卷中的其它试题 起着至关重要的作用,当然,对于能否学好一门语言,词汇 的重要性自是不言而喻。但是,掌握词汇乃至它们的用法并 非一日之功,需要日积月累,方能见效。一、优选法词汇试 题中都有一些题型无需仔细研读或分析就能直接选出正确答 案,比如说熟悉的词语,固定搭配词语,习语等。考试中遇 到这类题型时,只需找到题干中的信息词语,即能快速、准 确地选定答案。如(1). The students \_\_\_\_\_ to the new environment shortly after they came to the university. A. adopted B. adapted C. suited D. regulated 【答案】B。【解析】在该题中, 只要看题干中有哪一个动词能和介词to搭配,就能顺利地选 出正确答案了。除了选项B之外, 意为"使…适应", A的 意思是"采纳,收养";C倒是符合题意,但它是个及物动 词,其后不能用介词;选项D的意思为"调节,校准",均 与题意不合。(2). With his funny performance, Charlie Chaplin \_\_\_ the Little Tramp successfully in the film.A. discovered B. invented C. made D. created 【答案】D。【解析】这四个选 项意思较为接近,但属于一种习惯表达法。(3). Facing the present economic depression, he kept worrying about the future, not knowing what was to \_\_\_\_\_him.A. become of B. become to C. become with D. happen 【答案】A。【解析】这是一个固定

搭配的用法。其中become of 和happen都有"降临,遭遇"之 意,但happen之后要用介词to才行,B、C两个备选项只是为 了迷惑考生而设计的干扰项。二、排除法当不能一眼选出正 确答案时,可根据题干句子的意思来分析各选项,按照句子 结构的需要或其它信息排除干扰选项,从而提高答题的准确 率,能排除的选项越多,准确率就越高。如:(1). The soldier found \_\_\_\_\_ a hero when he returned to his hometown and was greeted with warm welcome. A. himself something of B. himself something aboutC. himself anything of D. himself nothing of 【答 案】A。【解析】在以上备选项中, something of表示"有几 分"; nothing of表示"丝毫没有"; anything of只用于疑问句 中。故可首先排除B和C,又根据句子意思表达的是一种肯定 意义,因而A项是正确答案。(2). I have announced on many occasions that I will proceed with my goal, \_\_\_\_\_.A. however difficult may it be B. however it may be difficultC. how difficult it may be D. however difficult it may be 【答案】D。【解 析】从题干分析,要求完成的部分是一个让步状语从句,应 该使用陈述语序。四个选项中A的语序不对,B结构不正确, 可先排除这两项。再把C、D两项进行比较,可按however adi/adv的句式结构得知C项缺少了其词的强调式,故正确答案 惟有D。(3). \_\_\_\_\_ everything his fiends had done for him, he refused to help them and so they were very disappointed in him. A. In return of B. In spite of C. Because of D. As a result of 【答案 】B。【解析】本题的四个选项按其语法结构都可以,是复合 介词 名词的形式,然而从题干语义上"尽管他朋友事事都帮 他,然而他却不帮朋友,因而大家对他都失望了"分析,则

首先可以排除C、D两项,剩下的A项表示"回报"之义,惟 有B项符合题义。三、借用语境语境(context),即上下文, 也就是某个词或短语在周围其他词中的背景。这个背景被用 来帮助解释或理解该词或短语的意思。由于在这种情况下, 各词汇之间存在着内在逻辑关系,于是在这种特定的语言环 境中,每一个词的意义都是固定的,因此,语境或上下文便 能帮助解释了某个词或短语的意义。(1). If the test taker finds an item to which an answer can not be worked out, it may be \_\_\_\_\_ to leave it blank and go on with the next.A. valuable B. considerable C. advisable D. probable 【答案】C。【解析】该题干的意思是 :"如果应试者在考试中遇到做不出来的试题时,他最好先 空下此题,去做下一道试题"。在四个选项中,A的意思是 "有价值的", B的意思是"相当的, 可观的", D的意思是 "很可能的,大概的"均与题干不合。惟有C项表示"明智的 "意思,能符合该题语境。(2). Mother wore a black dress with a string of pearls, which had the \_\_\_\_\_ of quiet elegance.A. effort B. affect C. afford D. effect 【答案】D。【解析】该题根据 题干语义分析"母亲穿着一件饰有一串珍珠的黑衣服,突出 了优雅的效果 "得知,在该语境中能符合其意义的只有D项 。 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访 id www.100test.com