雅思阅读技巧探究（英）PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／176／2021＿2022＿E9＿9B＿85＿E 6＿80＿9D＿E9＿98＿85＿E8＿c6＿176066．htm O ne of the main difficulties experienced by studentsdoing the Reading M odule isnot having enough time to complete the test．It is，therefore，essential to read both efficiently and effectively．T here are afew main skillsthat you will need in order to do well in the IELTSReading M odule．It is useful to use the following procedure for each text that is given．Previewing（about 2 minutesfor each passage）（a）Study the passage by noting：titlesheadingsillustrationsdiagramsany print in bold type or italics（b）Study key partsof the passoge by skimming． Read the first paragraph which often focuses on the main idea．The first sentence of each parograph usually expressesthe key pointsof the paragraph．Generally，the concluding parrgraph providesa summary of the given passoge．You may wish to highlight these with apen．Interpreting the instructionsand questions（ about 2 minutes）Read each word in the instructionscarefully and ensure that you understand exactly what isrequired and in what form．For example，the instructionsmay say，‘ Chooseno more than three wordsfrom the passage for each answer．In thissituation，it would not be acceptableto write four or morewords O ften studentsfind the right answer but present it in the wrong form and，unfortunately， do not score any marksfor that answer．Understanding what is required，therefore，isjust asimportant asfinding the right answer in the passoge．W hen you are looking at the questions，you need to
recognise: what type of question you have to answer (isit gap- filling, multiplechoice, matching information, etc? whether or not the question requiresa specific or general answer what form the answer should take(isit a number, date, reason, etc?) Scanning the text for specific answers( about 1 minute per question) U syour time wisely. Spend no longer than one minute on finding each answer. O nly look in the given text, table, diagram or graph for the answer required. Locatekey wordsin the question and find them, or synonymsfor them, in the text. The sentencesaround these wordsare most likely to contain the answersyou need.If you are still unsure of the answer after you have spent approximately one minute on the question, make asensible guessin the appropriate form. You may wish to mark the answersyou are unsure of in some way so that, if you do have time at the end of the Reading Module, you can check these answersagain.Checking your answers( about 3minutes)A fter you have completed your answersfor each section, you need to check them. Check that you have followed the instructionsexactly. If you have time, return to the answersyou marked becausyou were unsure and see if the answersyou havegiven are the best ones. Do not leave any answersblank asyou do not losemarksfor incorrect answers.H elpful hintsfor thePractice Reading M oduleThere may be some wordsin the passage with which you are unfamiliar. U sethe strategies explained in the section, ' W orking out unfamiliar vocabulary to help you work out the meanings of these words. Be aware of the use of connective words. These will help you with the general meaning of the text. If you are unsure of any answers, check
the table of common connective words N ote if there is aglossary accompanying the passege. Follow the instructionscarefully. A correct response will be marked wrong if it iswritten in the wrong form. W orking out unfamiliar vocabularyW hen reading a passoge in the IELTStest, it ismost likely that you will come acrosswordswith which you are unfamiliar. Be prepared for this You may not need to understand the exact meaning of an unknown word, unlessthere is a question directly related to it.If you do need to know the meaning of an unfamiliar word, dont panic. There are variousstrategiesthat you can useto work out the meaning of the unknown words. Check the contextA rethere any cluesin the surrounding wordsor phrases? Look particularly at the wordsjust before and just after the unfamiliar wordsLook for a definitionSometimesthe writersrealiæthat the word isan uncommon one so they define, restate, explain or give an example of it. W ordsthat signal meaning often include‘ is, ' means, ' refersto,' that is,' consistsof. For example, - Snoring isanoisegenerated by vibrationsof the soft partsof the throat during seep. The word ‘ issignalsadefinition.Remember, too, to check if there isaglossary.Identify the wordsplace and purposel sit anoun, adjective, verb or adverb in the sentence?A re there any punctuation clues, for example, semicolonsor question marks? Look for connective wordsT hey are often near the unknown wordsand will usually help to identify the general direction of the argument which will help to give some understanding of the unknown word.Break the word down into sj/lablessometimes knowledge of common roots, affixesand possible similarity of words
in your own language can help you to identify the meaning．T reat the unknown word asan algebraic entity ‘ XO bserve the relationship of the unknown word，‘ $X$ ，to other wordsand conceptswith which you are morefamiliar．Often thisisenough to answer questionsthat include X .100 T est下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www．100test．com

