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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/203/2021_2022__E4_B8_93_E4_B8_9A_E5_9B_9B_E7_c94_203837.htm Test Fifteen 名词性分句中的虚拟语气虚拟式常用于出现在wish, would rather, suppose, imagine之后的that分句中，表示一种臆想的(通常是不可能发生的)情况。例如：I wish it were spring all the year round. I'd rather I were not at the site of the accident. 在“ It's time that分句”结构中，that分句中应使用一般过去时。例如：It's time that I went. 在If I were you 这一分句中，were不能换成was, 应当特殊对待。例如：Were I to do it (If I were to do it), I should rely on you. 近义词辨析surprise, amaze, astonish, astound这组词均含有“使人惊奇、惊异”的意思。surprise指因出乎意料的、突然的事或前所未有的人或特殊的事而感到惊讶。It doesn't surprise me that his parents did not allow him to marry beneath him. 他的父母不允许他同地位比他低的女子结婚，这并不使我感到惊讶。amaze强调对意外的事感到迷惑，或表示惊叹之情。He's amazed that she should get promoted over his head. 他对他得以迈过他而提升感到惊异。astonish指对很不平常的事大为吃惊，难以置信。It astonished him that his son had been caught cheating in the exams. 他的儿子考试作弊被抓住了，这使他大为吃惊。astound强调完全出乎意料，用以往经验知识无法解释，其惊讶程度很强。The enormous changes in the quality of life of the inhabitants astounded us. 城镇居民生活质量的巨大变化令我们惊愕。100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com