

J2ME中读取Unicode和UTF-8编码文件 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/220/2021_2022_J2ME_E4_B8_AD_E8_AF_BB_c104_220859.htm

一、 读取Unicode文件 /** *

读取Unicode编码文本文件 * @param resource String - 文件名 *

@return String - Unicode文本 */ public static String

read_Uni(String resource) { byte word_uni[] = new byte[1024].

String strReturn = null. InputStream is. try { is =

instance.getClass().getResourceAsStream(resource). is.skip(2). // 跳

过两个字节的文件头 is.read(word_uni). is.close(). StringBuffer

stringbuffer = new StringBuffer(""). for (int j = 0. j int l = word_uni[j]

]. int h = word_uni[j]. char c = (char) ((l &. 0xff) | ((h

stringbuffer.append(c). } strReturn = stringbuffer.toString(). } catch

(IOException ex) { System.out.println(ex). } finally { is = null. }

return strReturn. } 二、 读取UTF-8文件 /** *

读取UTF-8编码文本文件 * @param resource String - 文件名 *

@return String - UTF-8文本 */ public static String read_UTF(String resource) { byte

word_utf[] = new byte[1024]. String strReturn = null. InputStream

is. try { is = instance.getClass().getResourceAsStream(resource).

is.read(word_utf). is.close(). strReturn = new String(word_utf,

"UTF-8"). } catch (IOException ex) { System.out.println(ex). }

return strReturn. } 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下

载。 详细请访问 www.100test.com