

新概念英语第一册--Lesson26 ( 课文学习帖 ) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/242/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E6\\_96\\_B0\\_E6\\_A6\\_82\\_E5\\_BF\\_B5\\_E8\\_c96\\_242712.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/242/2021_2022__E6_96_B0_E6_A6_82_E5_BF_B5_E8_c96_242712.htm) Step 1 ~ Text ~ HANS:

Where do you come from? DIMITRI: I come from Greece. HANS:

Whats the climate like in your country? DIMITRI: Its very

pleasant.HANS: Whats the weather like in spring? DIMITRI: Its often windy in March. Its always warm in April and May, but it rains

sometimes. HANS: Whats it like in summer? DIMITRI: Its always hot in June, July and August. The sun shines every day. HANS: Is it

cold or warm in autumn? DIMITRI: Its always warm in September and October. Its often cold in November and it rains sometimes.

HANS: Is it very cold in winter? DIMITRI: Its often cold in

December, January and February. It snows sometimes. 参考译文 汉

斯：你是哪国人？迪米特里：我是希腊人。汉斯：你们的国家的气候是怎么样？迪米特里：气候非常宜人。汉斯：春季的天气怎么样？迪米特里：3月里常常刮风。4月和5月的天气总暖洋洋的，但有时下雨。汉斯：夏季的天气如何呢？迪米

特里：6月、7月和8月的天气总是炎热的每天都出太阳。汉斯：秋季的天气是冷还是暖呢？迪米特里：9月和10月总是很暖和，11月常常就冷了，而且有时下雨。汉斯：冬季的天气很冷吗？迪米特里：12月、1月和2月常常很冷，有时还下雪。

Step 2 ~ Key words and expressions ~ Step 3 ~ Notes on the text ~ Where do you come from? 你是哪国人？问对方是什么地方人。come from表示来源或籍贯。也可说：Where are you from? 在第7课中出现过类似的句子。Whats the climate like in your

country? 你们国家的气候怎么样? 句中like是介词, 不是动词, 它的宾语是 What。又如: Whats the weather like in spring? climate指某一地区数年间的天气情况; weather是指某个特定的时间内晴、雨、风、雪变化。对于这类问题的回答可以是 Its very pleasant (很好) 或 It rains sometimes (有时下雨)。这里的it均指天气。 Its often windy in March. 3月里常常刮风。表示在某个月份里通常用介词in。类似用in的时间短语课文中还有 in April (在4月), in June (在6月), in September (在9月) 等等。 often (经常), always (总是, 老是), sometimes (有时) 都是课文中出现的表示非确定频度的副词。这些副词一般用来回答用how often 提问的问题。 Step 4 ~ Grammar in use ~ What...(be, look, etc.) like? 我们把What...like? 这一句型用于询问事物的状况, 例如天气、气候等: Whats the weather like today? 今天天气怎么样? Whats it like today? 今天怎么样? Whats the climate like in your country? 你们国家气候怎么样? 或询问人物或事物的外观或特征: Whats your brother like? 你兄弟是个什么样子? Whats your house like? 你的房子是什么样的? 许多形容词可用以回答What...like? 这样的问题, 并可根据上下文给以笼统的或确切的信息。例如课文中表示天气或气候的形容词有pleasant (宜人的), windy (有风的), hot (热的), cold (冷的), warm (温暖的) 等等。 Step 5 ~ Word study ~ sometimes adv. 有时, 间或: It is sometimes hot and sometimes cold. 天气时冷时热。 Sometimes he visits his aunt who lives nearby. 他有时会去看望他那住在附近的婶婶。 pleasant adj. 1、令人愉快的; 舒适合意的: The climate in my hometown is always pleasant. 我家乡的气候总是宜人而舒

爽。 This study is pleasant to work in. 在这个书房里工作令人感到舒适。 2、（人或其外表、举止等）讨人喜欢的；（性情等）和蔼可亲的： Shes such a pleasant girl. 她真是个可爱的姑娘。 Andrew seemed very pleasant on the phone. 安德鲁在电话里显得很和蔼可亲。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。 详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)