

一起过专四吧！(28) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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devil drives.情势所迫不得不那样。She must needs go away when I want her.我正需要她时，她偏偏离开了。（不可用needs must）The telephone must needs ring when I went to bed.我上床睡觉时偏偏有人来电话。（不可用needs must）need指主语的主观特需情况而使之必要。need既可以作助动词，又可以作行为动词。作助动词时，need没有人称和数的变化，后接不带to的不定式（动词原形），否定式为neednt.作行为动词时，need同别的行为动词一样，有人称和数的变化，后接带to的不定式，否定式要在前面加dont（doesnt, didnt），疑问句用do（does, did）提问。例如：There need be no hurry, need there?He need never know. (=He never needs to know.)I need only add a few words. (= I only need to add a few words.)比较：Father sent me the book, so I didnt need to write to him for it.父亲把那本书寄来了，所以我不必为此给他写信了。（信没写）Father sent me the book, so I neednt have written to him for it.父亲把那本书寄来了，所以我本不该为此再写信给他的。（信已写）She didnt need to come.她不必来的。（实际也没来）She neednt have come.她本来不必来的。（但却来了）Note:作助动词用时，need只用于疑问句中和否定句中，在肯定句中常用must, have to, should, ought to等。例如：Need you do it right now? I neednt, but he must.She doesnt need to be told. She has already known it.（客观情况使得告诉她没有必要：她已经知道）She neednt be told. We should keep it secret from her.（主观上不愿告诉）完成下面五道选择题目：1. You\_\_\_ Jim anything about it. It was none of his business. A neednt have told B neednt tell C mustnt have told D mustnt tell2.As it turned out to be a small house party,

we \_\_\_ so formally. A need not have dressed up B must not have dressed up C did not need to dress up D must not dress up

3. We could \_\_\_ him with a detached house when he came, but he had specifically asked for a small flat. A provide B have provided C not provide D not have provided

4. He \_\_\_ the 8:20 bus because he didn't leave home till 8:25. A couldn't have caught B ought to have caught C shouldn't have caught D must not have caught

5. "She must be in the dormitory now." "No, she \_\_\_ be there. I saw her in the classroom a minute ago." A mustn't B can't C couldn't D wouldn't

答案：AABAB

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