

CET作文训练---比较型作文之1 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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型作文一般分为说明式比较和议论式比较两种。说明式比较在比较过程中，作者不发表个人意见，在文中不体现个人取向，单纯以说明介绍为目的。在四、六级考试中的比较型作文多以议论式比较的形式出现。议论式比较以比较事物优劣、阐明自己立场为目的，一般分为倾向型和中立型两种类型。

一、倾向型比较论说文1、首段 = 引言 主题句 引言句（第一句）：引出比较的对象 主题句（第二句）：提出主题，明确表明作者的个人取向与偏好。

2、主体部分对比点的笔墨分配：应有所侧重，对于作者持否定态度的事物的优势要少写，而肯定的事物的优点则要多用笔墨，对于其缺点则可轻描淡写、一笔带过。3、结尾段 = 呼应主题句 强调被肯定事物的积极作用等

第一句：呼应主题句 第二句：可以用一句话归纳被肯定事物的优点等。结尾段 = 让步句 呼应主题句 第一句

：以让步的口吻，提出被否定事物的一个小优点 第二句：笔锋一转，用一句话归纳并突出被肯定事物的重大优点，进一步确定自己的选择，与主题句相互照应。

二、中立型比较论说文首段和主体部分与倾向型比较论说文相同，而结尾段一般采用简化总结模式：结尾段 = 呼应主题句 一句话总结 第一句

：呼应主题句 第二句：总结所比较对象最突出的优点，可用while, whereas 连接 万能模板：倾向型 1. 有人认为大学住宿应该独处一室 2. 有人认为应该与同学合租 3. 我的观点

It is often difficult for \_\_\_\_\_ to decide whether A or B. In my opinion,

A is always better. Some students don't like B. First, they think \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_. Second, \_\_\_\_\_. Third, \_\_\_\_\_. The incomparable advantage of A is that \_\_\_\_\_.

First, \_\_\_\_\_. Second, \_\_\_\_\_. Third, \_\_\_\_\_. I regard A as a precious opportunity for it is the best way of \_\_\_\_\_. And I confidently believe that \_\_\_\_\_.

中立型 1. 有人喜欢乡村生活 2. 有人喜欢都市生活 3. 我的观点 Those who prefer A have their own reasons, while some other people prefer B. As for me, both A and B have merits and demerits. First and foremost, \_\_\_\_\_.

Moreover, \_\_\_\_\_. Last but not least, \_\_\_\_\_. On the contrary \_\_\_\_\_. In addition, \_\_\_\_\_. What's the commonest, \_\_\_\_\_ Either \_\_\_\_\_ or a \_\_\_\_\_ gives \_\_\_\_\_.

I believe \_\_\_\_\_ 引出不同观点: 1、 People's views on... vary from person to person. Some hold that... .

However, others believe that... 人们对...的观点因人而异. 有些人认为..... 然而其他人却认为 . . . 2、 People may have different opinions on... 人们对...可能会有不同的见解. 3

3、 Attitudes towards (drugs) vary from person to person. 人们对待吸毒的态度因人而异. 4、 There are different opinions among people as to... 关于....人们的观点大不相同. 5、 Different people hold different attitudes toward (failure). 对(失败)人们的态度各不相同.

结尾: 1、 Taking all these factors into consideration, we naturally come to the conclusion that... 把所有这些因素加以考虑, 我们自然会得出结论... 2、 Taking into account all these factors, we may reasonably come to the conclusion that... 考虑所有这些因素, 我们可能会得出合理的结论... 3、 Hence/Therefore,

3、 Hence/Therefore,

we ' d better come to the conclusion that... 因此,我们最好得出这样的结论...4、 There is no doubt that (job-hopping) has its drawbacks as well as merits. 毫无疑问,跳槽有优点也有缺点. 5

、 All in all, we cannot live without... But at the same time we must try to find out new ways to cope with the problems that would arise. 总之,我们没有...是无法生活的.但同时,我们必须寻求新的解决办法来对付可能出现的新问题. 比较型连接词 : like, similarly, likewise, in the same way, in the same manner, equally.

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