

淘金式巧攻英语四级词汇解析第十一期 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/255/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E6\\_B7\\_98\\_E9\\_87\\_91\\_E5\\_BC\\_8F\\_E5\\_c67\\_255300.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/255/2021_2022__E6_B7_98_E9_87_91_E5_BC_8F_E5_c67_255300.htm) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ the

help of their group, we would not have succeeded in the investigation. A. Besides B. Regardless of C. But for D. Despite

2. Before he left for his vacation he went to the bank to \_\_\_\_\_ some money. A. pull B. pick C. gain D. draw

3. I'm sure he is up to the job \_\_\_\_\_ he would give his mind to it. A. if only B. in case C. until

D. unless

4. The president promised to keep all the board members \_\_\_\_\_ of how the negotiations were going on. (翻译句子)

A. inform B. informing C. be informed D. informed

5. What he said just now had little to do with the question \_\_\_\_\_ discussion.

A. on B. in C. under D. at

6. amaze, astonish, surprise 辨析  
这三个词都表示“惊奇、惊异”，amaze和astonish程度较强，指“惊讶、吃惊”；surprise程度最弱，指“诧异、意外”。

amaze 强调对意外的事感到迷惑，或表示惊叹之情，使吃惊，程度比surprise强(=surprise very much)，一般指好事。(be amazed at sth./to do sth.)

He 's amazed that she should get promoted over his head. 他对她得以迈过他而提升感到惊异。astonish 使惊愕，指使人大吃一惊(=surprise greatly)，含有几乎使人无法相信之意，是个语气较强的词(sb. be astonished at (by) sth./to do sth./that... "被(因)...惊吓")

It astonished him that his son had been caught cheating in the exams. 他的儿子考试作弊被抓住了，这使他大为吃惊。

surprise 使惊异，指由于突然的事情使人产生惊奇，有出乎意料的含义。普通用词，语气最弱。(sb. be surprised at/by

sth./that.../to do sth..feel surprised at..."对...感到惊讶".in surprise"吃惊地,在震惊中")It doesn ' t surprise me that his parents did not allow him to marry beneath him.他的父母不允许他同地位比他低的女子结婚,这并不使我感到惊讶。三个词在用法上基本相同,可互换,只是语气上有所差别.练习: We are all \_\_\_\_\_ at

the mighty power of the nature.7. condense, reduce, contract, compress辨析condense-指通过冷凝,浓缩作用使某物变成更致密而结实,或更稠密。reduce-指使事物的数量、质量减少或弯弱变小,或有所降低。contract-指某物体积或容积收缩变小,与expand反义。compress-指通过压、挤、熨平等方式使物体变小或减少而少占一些空间。练习: The reports been

\_\_\_\_\_ into three pages.8. argument, controversy, debate, dispute 辨析argument: 口头上的辩论、争论,后接about引出争论的话题。controversy: 主要指两集团(派别)之间持久的正式辩论,后接over引出辩论的话题。debate: 就某一特点问题进行公开、正式的争论性讨论、辩论,后接on引出争论的话题。dispute: 比argument正式,指由于相互驳斥对方的观点而产生的激烈争论,后接about或over引出争论的话题。练习: Whether the earth is round was once a scientific

\_\_\_\_\_ .答案: CDADC amazed,compressed,contraversy翻

译: 董事长答应告知所有的董事会成员谈判的进展情况.以下词汇要记住哦!! but 但是,可是,仅仅[搭配]: not...but... 不是...而是...; but for... 尚没有...,要不是... (所在主句用虚拟语气); not only ... but (also)... 不仅...而且。。 [考纲短语]

: cannot but 不得不,不能不,不禁要; [例句]: Not that I have no money,but (also) I have too little.我不是没有钱,而是钱

太少。discussion 讨论，谈论，论述 n.[搭配]：under discussion 在讨论中[扩展]：discuss 讨论，谈论，论述 vt.. under 表示“在...中，在...之间”时，可与多个名词搭配，如：a road under repair 修理中的公路；[例句]：The incident caused much discussion among the public.这件事引起公众议论纷纷。draw vi. 移动，来临vt. 拖拉, 挨近, 领取, 打成平局, 引导, 抽签决定, 画, 描写, 制订, 草拟, 吸引n. 抽签, 平局[考纲短语]：draw in 收(网等). 收回(借款等). 引诱. 使加入. (天)黑了. (日)渐短. 紧缩开支. (车船等)驶进, 开到. (汽车)靠边行驶, 开进(某处)暂停. 到了；近了. 靠到路边draw on穿上, 戴上(靴子, 手套等). 吸收, 利用. 凭, 靠. 动用. 向...支取. 逗引(某人)开口说话. 招来, 招致. 接近, 靠近.[扩展]：drawer 抽屉[例句]：The writer drew inspiration from her childhood experiences.这位作家从童年的经历中获得了灵感。inform vt. 通知, 使了解, 使充满vi. 提供资料, 告发[搭配]：inform sb of/about sth 通知某人某事；inform against/on sb 告发某人；keep sb informed (of...) 随时向某人告知 (...的) 情况；be well informed (about sth) (对某事) 消息灵通的；[例句]: Keep me informed of fresh developments.随时把新的进展情况告诉我。if only ....要是...多好；引起的从句多用虚拟语气。

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