

英语四级考试快速阅读解题步骤3 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/255/2021_2022__E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_E5_9B_9B_E7_c67_255939.htm 第三步：答题 Scan & Answer (12 13.5分钟)一．前七道 (9 10.5分钟) 循着上述思路审完前七道题以后，我们就开始利用localizers 定位答题。但是，有几条规律得告诉大家：1．第一题经常是主旨题。答题方法有三：1) 把短文的小标题相加 2) 留到最后再做 3) 直接选Yes (只因No或者NG的主旨题不太好出而已)2．真题的出题顺序与原文的相关位置是一致的。也就是说，第四题答案的位置绝不会在第三题前面 (但模拟题远非如此，所以模拟题较难)。因此我们答题时，不要一道题一道题地答，而要两道两道地做，前后呼应，能更好地定位。审题时，我一再强调要把问题整理一下，就是为了把联系紧密的题捆绑在一起，然后到原文一举拿下。3．Yes的题是原句的同义词、反义词互换，这是老生常谈。下面我谈一下No和NG。No的题一般分三种：正面冲突 (contradict)、偷梁换柱 (pilfer)、曲解原文 (twist)。与原文正面冲突的情况占90%。举例：原文：United States ranks somewhere in the middle of the major countries in landfill disposal. 问题：Compared with other major Industrialized countries, America buries a much higher percentage of its solid waste in landfills. (样题)原文：There 's an energy crisis in America, and it has nothing to do with fossil fuels. 问题：The energy crisis in America refers to a shortage of fossil fuels. (2006年真题)原文：...and by 1921 there were 387,000 miles of paved roads. Many were built using...adequate

drainage. Beyond that, there were no national standards for size, weight restrictions, or ... 问题：National standards for paved roads were in place by 1921. (2006年真题)偷梁换柱的情况占5%。 举例：原文：...a typical cancer patient has predictable attitude. She ...feels depressed, upset, and angry. 问题：... have observed that a typical patient feels depressed, impatient and angry. (模拟题)原文：Japan has effectively run out of low-wage workers ...and, in some cases, beyond Western technological standards. 问题：The technological standards in many areas of Japan ' s economy are superior to those in the West. (模拟题)曲解原文的情况占5%。 举例：原文：They must be able to listen to delegates and to translate at the same time! This is a difficult but very important job. One small mistake could cause many problems. 问题：Translation for the UN General Assembly is a very important job because they must be able to listen and translate at the same time. 另外，包含绝对词（must, all, never...）的命题一般是No，包含相对词（may, can, possibly...）的命题一般是Yes。四级阅读NG的题远不如雅思那么让人欲吐而不得。中国人的思维方式毕竟比较一致。只提醒一条：我们有前后两道题做参照，所以，要相信自己的定位是准确的。如果在某一段里找不到相关信息，上一段或者下一段也不可能再出现了。这时，要果断地选NG。二．后三道（3分钟）1．审题（参考第二步）；2．定位（当然到文章后面的段落找答案。注：文章后面，并不意味着肯定在前七道题的后面，比如，第8题的答案有可能在第7题的前面）；另外，密切注意空白前面紧挨着的词语。3．答题。答题时请注意，你填的基本都是原文，但它出的题目可未必，很可

能包含同义词替换，例如2006年6月的第10题：The interstate system was renamed after Eisenhower in recognition of

_____.

定位词Localizer：rename

和Eisenhower，答案：his vision and leadership. 原文：The

highway system was officially renamed for Eisenhower to honor his vision and leadership. (honor = in recognition of)

提醒：后三道题需要更强的概括能力，而且还得书写英文，小心名词的单复数、动词的语法变化，相对难一些，所以，要给足三分钟的时间。最后送大家一句话：Do, or do not. There is no try.

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