

定语从句：判断关系代词与关系副词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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方法一：用关系代词，还是关系副词完全取决于从句中的谓语动词。及物动词后面无宾语，就必须要求用关系代词；而不及物动词则要求用关系副词。例如：This is the mountain village where I stayed last year. 这是我去年呆过的山村。I'll never forget the days when I worked together with you. 我永远不会忘记与你共事的日子。

判断改错：（错）This is the mountain village where I visited last year. （错）I will never forget the days when I spent in the countryside. （对）This is the mountain village (which) I visited last year. （对）I'll never forget the days (which) I spent in the countryside. 习惯上总把表地点或时间的名词与关系副词 where, when 联系在一起。此两题错在关系词的误用上。

方法二：准确判断先行词在定语从句中的成分（主、谓、宾、定、状），也能正确选择出关系代词/关系副词。例1. Is this museum

_____ you visited a few days ago ? A. where B. that C. on which D. the one

例2. Is this the museum _____ the exhibition was held. A. where B. that C. on which D. the one

答案：例1 D, 例2 A 例1变为肯定句：This museum is _____ you visited a few days ago.

例2变为肯定句：This is the museum _____ the exhibition was held. 在句1中，所缺部分为宾语，而where, that, on which都不能起到宾语的作用，只有the one既做了主句的表语，又可做从句的宾语，可以省略关系代词，所以应选D. 而句2中，主、谓、宾俱全，从句部分为句子的状语表地点，既可用副词where，又因 in

the museum词组，可用介词in which 引导地点状语。而此题中，介词on 用的不对，所以选A. 关系词的选择依据在从句中所做的成分，先行词在从句中做主、定、宾语时，选择关系代词（ who , whom , that , which , whose ）；先行词在从句中做状语时，应选择关系副词（ where 地点状语，when 时间状语，why 原因状语） 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com