

ACCE ADP组合框的行来源如何使用参数存储过程 PDF转换  
可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/273/2021\\_2022\\_ACCE\\_ADPE7\\_BB\\_c97\\_273689.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/273/2021_2022_ACCE_ADPE7_BB_c97_273689.htm) 组合框的行来源中只能写存储过程名，无法加上参数，我们这里用值列表绕过次限制Public Sub CreateP2Procedure()创建本示例需要用的参数存储过程表名和字段名请按你的实际情况填写 Dim strSQL As String strSQL = "Create Procedure procCreateMyList(@P1 int =0,@P2 nVarChar(50)=) As SELECT field1 FROM tbITable1 WHERE field2 = @P1 and field3 like @P2" CurrentProject.Connection.Execute strSQL End Sub Private Sub Form\_Open(Cancel As Integer)将本过程放在窗体的打开事件中，设定组合框的行来源

```
Me.ComboBox.RowSourceType = "value list"
```

```
Me.ComboBox.RowSource = GetRowSource("p2", 155, "%") End Sub Public Function GetRowSource(ByVal strCommandText As String, _ Optional ByVal varP1, _ Optional ByVal varP2, _ Optional ByVal varP3)本函数作用：将存储过程的执行结果转换为用分号分隔的值列表现在参数是3个，可以更改一下，用数组来代替 Dim Rs As New ADODB.Recordset Dim cmd As New ADODB.Command Dim prm As ADODB.Parameter Const DELIM As String = "." With cmd .ActiveConnection = CurrentProject.Connection .CommandText = strCommandText .CommandType = adCmdStoredProc End With If Not IsMissing(varP1) Then Set prm = cmd.CreateParameter("P1", _ adInteger, adParamInput, , varP1) cmd.Parameters.Append prm End If If Not IsMissing(varP2) Then Set prm =
```

```
cmd.CreateParameter("P2", _adVarChar, adParamInput, 50, varP2)
cmd.Parameters.Append prm End If If Not IsMissing(varP3) Then
Set prm = cmd.CreateParameter("P3", _adVarChar, adParamInput,
50, varP3) cmd.Parameters.Append prm End If Rs.Open cmd
GetRowSource = "" If Not Rs.EOF Then GetRowSource =
Rs.GetString(adClipString, , _DELIM, DELIM) End IfEnd
Function 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详
细请访问 www.100test.com
```