

2007英语六级考试综合改错题训练(六) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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四、非谓语动词使用错误 非谓语动词在六级综合改错里算是一个较为令人头疼的改错类型

，它包括不定式、分词、动名词。六级改错中主要出现的是非谓语动词和主要谓语动词之间的混淆，具体分为以下两种情况：

分词，主要是现在分词和过去分词的误用，如：a puzzled question a puzzling question；an exciting girl an excited girl 等。

动词非谓语形式做主语、宾语，有时需要 it 作形式主语或形式宾语。如：This is no good arguing with him.(This it)

例1 The idea that learn a foreign language is hard

1. \_\_\_\_\_ work is realized by every student. 分析句子结构可知：

the idea是主语；is realized是谓语部分；that引导同位语从句。从句中learn a foreign language是主语，而learn是动词形式，应改为动名词“learning”。

例2 From these unearthed bones scientists are able to reconstruct the skeleton of the animal and

from the reconstructing skeleton, they can obtain quite

1. \_\_\_\_\_ a good idea of its appearance. “reconstructing”表示正在进行的动作，而根据原句可知，“skeleton”本身并不能发出这个动作，而应该为“reconstructed”，意为“the skeleton that is reconstructed”，这是过去分词作为定语。

例3 Lighthouses are set up to warn the passed ships 1. \_\_\_\_\_ of

the dangers along the coast. Ancient people used simple fire signal

which could only mean “Danger! Keep off”. “passed ships”表示“已经过去的船只”，当然不可能再给予警告，这不符合

逻辑，应该改为passing，意为“过往的船只”，此处现在分词作定语。例4 But modern lighthouse also identifies itself in a code knowing to all ships that pass by. Most of the 1. \_\_\_\_\_ modern lighthouses have a revolving light that is red and then green. 根据句意可知，这些代码所有的船只都知道，即“a code which is known to all ships”的省略形式，“knowing”表示“正在知道，了解”这个动作过程，显然不符合题意，故应该将knowing改为known。非谓语动词的使用错误虽然不外乎不定式、分词（包括现在分词和过去分词）以及动名词三种类型，然而使用起来往往容易混淆，而且也不易区分，所以得分率通常都较低。练习题1 Judging by today's standards the techniques applied 1. \_\_\_\_\_ to the construction of these ancient palaces are highly advanced. 2 TV has become an essential part of our daily life, keeping us informed of the news of the day. Comparing 2. \_\_\_\_\_ with other media of information and education, TV is almost unrivalled. 3 The characters being described in this TV play are 3. \_\_\_\_\_ very true to life, which may be the reason why it touched a nation of audience. 4 There are a great many places of interest in this city. But the major attraction is a recently built hotel which resembles a sailing ship when seeing 4. \_\_\_\_\_ from a distance. No travelers leave the city without visiting it. 5 The building built now at our school is the new 5. \_\_\_\_\_ library. 6 A lighthouse must be high enough for its light to see far away, but if it is too high, it has more 6. \_\_\_\_\_ possibility to be destroyed by high wind. so it is not always true to say that the higher it is the better. 7 Consider the great need for improving many 7. \_\_\_\_\_ aspects

of the global environment, one is surely justified in his concern for the money and resources that are poured into the space exploration efforts. 8 The small college, however, generally provides a limited number of courses and specializations, but offers a better student-faculty ratio, thus permit 8. \_\_\_\_\_ individualized attention to students. 9 The way space is used to enable the individual to achieve privacy, to build homes or designing 9. \_\_\_\_\_ cities is culturally influenced. 10 But the fourth robber put him quite beside himself by approaching him and asked what the dog 10. \_\_\_\_\_ cost him. 答案解析：1.本题中应该将Judging改为Judged。该句主语为“the techniques”，其本身不能做出“judging”，而只能是“be judged”，原句的结构实际上是“when it is judged by today’s standards”的省略模式，所以应该将Judging改为Judged。注意首字母要大写。2.本题中应该将comparing改为compared。“comparing”表示主语所发出的动作，与其他事物进行比较，而根据句意，是将TV与其他媒体进行，所以应该是被动语态，完整结构是“when it is compared with other media of...”。3.本题中应该将being删去。“being 过去分词”表示正在进行的状态，而句子中没有指出是正在发生的动作，而是过去发生的事情（根据后面的动词touched可判断出是过去时），所以应该将being去掉。4.本题中应该将seeing改为seen。原句的意思是“宾馆从远处看象一只航行中的船”，其完整结构是“...when it is seen from a distance”，船本身并不能发生“seeing”动作，只能是被动语态，故用seen。5.本题中应该在building前加being。此句中有时间副词now，说明是正在进行的动作，故必须在前面加上

现在分词being。6.本题中应该将see改为be seen。根据句意，“灯塔必须足够高，以使其灯光可以从远处看见”，完整的结构是“...to be seen by ships far away”。7.本题中应该将consider改为considering。在此句中，前部分“Consider the great need for improving many aspects of the global environment，”实为条件状语，完整结构为“ If one consider... environment，”，其省略形式为将其谓语动词变为现在分词形式。8.本题中应该将permit改为permitting。“ thus ”不是连词而是副词，表示前面事物所造成的结果，后面一般接现在分词，作状语成分。9.本题中应该将designing改为design。此句中design承接前面不定式结构，省略介词to，实际上为“ to build homes or to design cities ”。10.本题中应该将asked改为asking。此句中ask动作与approach并列，承接前面介词by，表示“通过...途径来实现”，故应该和前面保持一致，使用现在分词形式。100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)