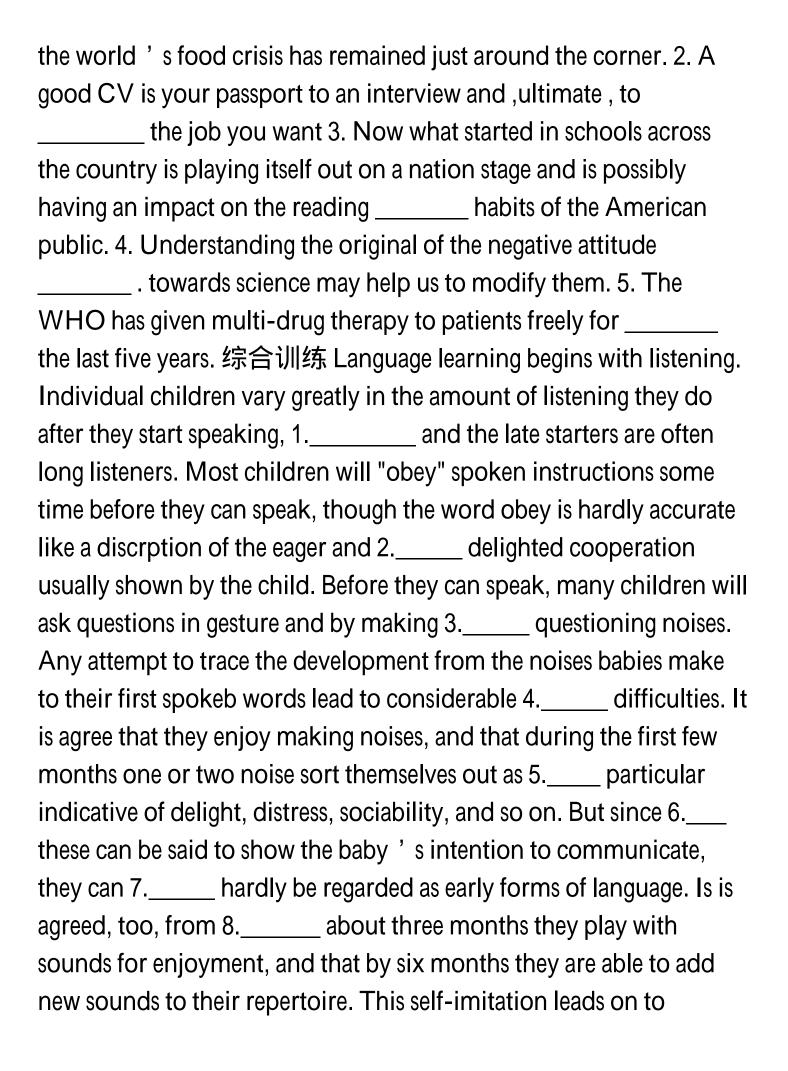
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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/277/2021_2022_2007_E5_B9_ B412 E6 c84 277499.htm 本期重点: 词性 词性重点考查的就 是词性的混淆,主要是名词与动词的误用、名词与形容词的 误用以及形容词与副词的误用。做这类改错题,首先要判断 词性及词在句中的位置,然后根据它们在句中所处的位置来 确定词性是否正确。一般说来,形容词修饰名词,副词修饰 动词,副词修饰形容词。例如说到某个问题的严重性,会 用increasingly serious(越来越严重),用副词修饰形容词,不 能说increasing serious。 考点例析: 例1:Most experts believe this can continue even if the population doubles by the mid-21st century, although feeding 10 billion people will not be easy for politics, economic and environmental reasons S6.____ 解析 :reasons有三个修饰词politics, economic, environmental, 后两 个是形容词,第一个也应该是一致的,所以把politics改 称political。 例2: Culture is essentially to our humanness. It provides a kind of S8.____ map for relating to others. 解析: 做 表语时,应该使用形容词而不是副词,故将essentially-> essential。 例3: Their experiments have shown that reading disorders are most likely the result of what is, in effect, faulty wiring in the brain not lazy, stupidity or a poor home environment S4._____解析: lazy, stupidity, a poor home environment 是三 个并列的词,在词性上应该保持一致,所以将lazy改成laziness 巩固与拓展 1. Except for relative isolated trouble spots like present-day Somalia, _____ and occasional years of bad harvests,



deliberate imitation of sounds making or words spoken to 9	
them by other people. The problem then arises as to the point w	/hich
one 10 can say that these imitation can be considered as	
speech. 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。	详细
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