

2007年12月英语六级短文改错(六) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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真题演练：Culture refers to the social heritage of a people --- the learned patterns for thinking, feeling and acting that characterize a population or society, include the expression of these patterns in \_\_\_1\_\_\_ material things. Culture is composed of nonmaterial culture --- \_\_\_2\_\_\_ abstract creations like values, beliefs, customs and institutional arrangements - and material culture - physical objects like \_\_\_3\_\_\_ cooking pots, computers and bathtubs. In sum, culture reflects both the ideas we share or everything we make. In ordinary \_\_\_4\_\_\_ speech, a person of culture is the individual can speak another \_\_\_5\_\_\_ language - the person who is unfamiliar with the arts, music, \_\_\_6\_\_\_ literature, philosophy, or history. But to sociologists, to be human is to be cultured, because of culture is the common world \_\_\_7\_\_\_ of experience we share with other members of our group. Culture is essentially to our humanness. It provides a kind \_\_\_8\_\_\_ of map for relating to others. Consider how you find your way about social life. How do you know how to act in a classroom, or a department store, or toward a person who smiles or laughs \_\_\_9\_\_\_ at you? Your culture supplies you by broad, standardized, \_\_\_10\_\_\_ ready-made answers for dealing with each of these situations. Therefore, if we know a person's culture, we can understand and even predict a good deal of his behavior. 参考答案及解析: 1. include -> including 2. compose -> composed /

comprised此出的意思是“由...组成”，固定搭配有be composed / comprised of, be made up of, consist of。3. object -> objects Object是可是名词，一般说来可数名词以单数形式出现时要有不定代词或冠词修饰，而在此没有任何冠词，而且上下文对应的均使用了复数形式，所以应该把object改为复数。4. or -> and此处是固定搭配both...and...。5. individual后加who / that这句话出现了两个谓语动词，在英语中不符合语法规则。从上下文可以看出individual后面的部分是修饰individual的定语从句，缺少了引导词，所以应该加上who或that。6. unfamiliar -> familiar根据常识，“文化人”应该是“熟悉艺术、音乐...”的人，因此把否定改为肯定。7. of -> / 表示原因时，because后跟从句，because of后跟名词性质的词或词组。此处是从句，所以把of去掉。8. essentially -> essential be后面的表语不能用副词。9. laugh -> laughs 此处的smile和laugh是并列成分，作定语从句修饰person，又因为先行词person是单数，所以从句的谓语也要用单数。10. by -> with 此处是固定搭配supply sb with sth

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