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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/284/2021_2022__E5_85_AC_E5_85_B1_E8_8B_B1_E8_c88_284900.htm (三) Sometimes it is better not to know the 1 of a country that you are visiting 2 it is to know just a little of it, The 3 is this: the natives of your 4 country will often rush to 5 you if you seem completely lost and helpless. But they will usually misunderstand your small 6 to speak their language. They will think that you know 7 more than you do. For example, I once asked three people 8 carefully memorized phrasebook Spanish how to get to a bus station in Mexico City. 9 each of them poured out a flood of 10 Spanish. The result was 11 I didn't understand a word and 12 around for an hour before I found the station. 13 I had missed the bus. The next time I encountered a(n) 14 like this in another city, I was a lot 15, so I acted dumbly. Trying to look very pitiful, I 16 a stranger and asked simply, "Bus station?" He 17 told me how to get there. he showed me to the 18 walking three blocks out of his 19 to help a poor, dumb and helpless 20. 1. A.

conventions B. customs C. people D. language 答案：D 解析：A、B、C三个都是复数，而根据后面这个词的代词为it知：这里需要填单数，那么只有D项可以。另外，根据下文也可以知道这里要填language. 2. A. if B. unless C. than D. when 答案：C 解析：根据前面的信号词better，知这里该填than. 3. A. cause B. reason C. explanation D. account 答案：B 解析：native 当地人；后面一句是解释的原因，所以这里选reason. 4. A. host B. home C. foreign D. visiting 答案：A 解析：host 东道主，东道国

; 5. A. help B. show C. tell D. direct 答案：A 解析：显然用help，这句话说：如果你看起来完全迷路了而且很无助，那么你所到国家的当地人会跑来帮助你。 6. A. intentions B. attempts C. gestures D. motions 答案：B 解析：intention 企图，意图；attempt 企图，试图；gesture 姿势，手势；motion 运动，手势，提议；misunderstanding 误解；C、D显然意思不对；关键A、B两项选哪个？后面一定接of，形式为：intention of doing sth；而attempt后接不定式，形式为：attempt to do sth,故选用B项正确。 7. A. a little B. no C. a lot D. many 答案：C 解析：注意横线后面的more than you do.他们会认为你知道得更多一点。横线要填部分在句子中充当程度状语，只能用a lot.另外根据句子及四个选项意思也可以选出C项正确。 8. A. with B. by C. from D. in 答案：D 解析：空前是“例如，我曾问三个人...” ，在空后面找其核心词，“仔细背的那种实用书的西班牙语...”及“怎样到墨西哥城的汽车站。”显然答案为：D，in Spanish 用西班牙语。 9. A. In fact B. In turn C. In reply D. In charge 答案：C 解析：...each of them poured out a flood of ...Spanish，他们中的一个快速说出一堆...西班牙语...。显然，C项意思符合，你问人家路人家要答复你，in reply，答复。 10. A. complicated B. detailed C. speaking D. academic 答案：A 解析：参考第九题，说一大堆什么样的西班牙语？看选项：complicated 复杂的；detailed 详尽的；speaking 口语的；academic 学术的；再看后面一句大概知道，结果是“我一句也没有听懂...”故这里选用A，说了一大堆复杂的西班牙语。 11. A. then B. what C. so D. that 答案：D 解析：结果是...,显然后面是that引导的表语从句。 12. A. wandered B. waited C.

looked D. traveled 答案：A 解析：wander around 到处溜达；前面说我一句也没有听懂，这里接着说，我四处溜达了一个小时才找到那个汽车站。 13. A. Before long B. Soon after C. By then D. Just then 答案：C 解析：空后是过去完时态，故这里应该用by then,意思是“到那一刻”； 14. A. accident B. chance C. opportunity D. situation 答案：D 解析：在另一个城市，我遇到了类似的...，应该填situation,情况，局势；也就是：在另一个城市我遇到了这样的事情。 15. A. smarter B. clever C. intelligent D. knowledgeable 答案：A 解析：几个词都是形容词，smarter 精明的，自做聪明的；clever 聪明（褒义）；intelligent 聪明的，智商高的；knowledgeable 博学的；关键是A、B两项，根据语境我们知，另外又一次遇到这样的事情时，他就学聪明了，故意学得笨一点,好让别人耐心帮他，故A正确。 16. A. met B. stopped C. caught D. grabbed 答案：B 解析：装得看上去很可怜的样子，我让一个陌生人站住（停下来）并且很简单地问他，“汽车站？”B项stopped的意思是“停下，使（某人）停下”。另外：met 碰到；caught为“抓住”；grabbed “紧抓”。 17. A. at once B. at first C. not only D. right away 答案：C 解析：那个人不仅告诉我怎样到哪儿，所以用not only；因为后面一句说了，那个人又为我做了另一件事，那么这句话说是：那个人不仅...而且...。 18. A. route B. road C. street D. place 答案：D 解析：我问的是汽车站，所以选D项最合适。那个人亲自把我带到那个地方（place）。 19. A. place B. house C. direction D. way 答案：D 解析：out of one's way；固定搭配。 20. A. loser B. stranger C. layman D. comer 答案：B 解析：那个人改变了他自己的道路方向，走了三个街区把我带到汽

车站，帮助一个可怜的，笨笨的无助的陌生人。 100Test 下载
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