

2007英语四级篇章词汇阅读篇NO.10 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/453/2021\\_2022\\_2007\\_E8\\_8B\\_B1\\_E8\\_AF\\_AD\\_c83\\_453863.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/453/2021_2022_2007_E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_c83_453863.htm) The typical pre-industrial family not only had a good many children, but numerous other dependents as well---grandparents, uncles, aunts and cousins. Such "extended" families were suited for survival in slow paced \_\_1\_\_ societies. But such families are hard to \_\_2\_\_. They are immobile. Industrialism demanded masses of workers ready and able to move off the land in pursuit of jobs, and to move again whenever necessary. Thus the extended family \_\_3\_\_ shed its excess weight and the so-called "nuclear" family emerged---a stripped-down, portable family unit \_\_4\_\_ only of parents and a small set of children. This new style family, far more \_\_5\_\_ than the traditional extended family, became the standard model in all the industrial countries. Super-industrialism, however, the next stage of eco-technological development, \_\_6\_\_ even higher mobility. Thus we may expect many among the people of the future to carry the streamlining process, a step further by remaining children, cutting the family down to its more \_\_7\_\_ components, a man and a woman. Two people, perhaps with matched careers, will prove more efficient at navigating through education and social status, through job changes and geographic relocations, than the ordinarily child-cluttered family. A \_\_8\_\_ may be the postponement of children, rather than childlessness. Men and women today are often torn in \_\_9\_\_ between a commitment to career and a commitment to children. In the future, many \_\_10\_\_

will sidestep this problem by deferring the entire task of raising children until after retirement. A) transplant B) solution C) gradually D) transport E) elemental F) conflict G) continually H) mobile I) couples J) agricultural K) including L) compromise M) requires N) primary O) consisting

答案: 1. 选 J)。此处应填形容词，修饰名次 societies。文章第一句就说 The typical pre-industrial family... “工业化之前的典型家庭模式.....”，即“extended” family 存在于工业化之前的社会，即 agricultural society。故 J) 正确。选项中的 primary “最初的，原始的”不符合原文意思。2. 选 A)。由 be hard to do sth. 可知，此处应填动词原形。They are immobile “这样的家庭很难流动”，这说明这样的家庭 are hard to...，选项中由 transplant 和 transport 两个动词原形，前者指的是“迁居，迁移”，后者指的是运输，不难推断前者符合原文意思，故 A) transplant 正确。3. 选 C)。因为这句话的句子结构完整，固此处应填副词。选项中的副词有 gradually 和 continually, 原文中...and the so-called "nuclear" family emerged. 所谓的“核心家庭”便出现了“，emerge 的意思是“浮现”，强调经过一个过程后出现的。由此可以判断，这句话坏死说明核心家庭从无到有逐渐出现，而不是连续不断地出现，故选择 C) gradually。4. 选 O)。该句可拆分理解，即 a family unit... of parents and a small set of children “一个家庭单元.....父母和不多的孩子”，由此可以推出这里要填的词是表示“包含，由.....组成”的。选项中的 including 和 consisting 均可以表示此意，但由原文中的 of 可排除 including, consist of 为固定刺诸，故 O) 为正确答案。5. 选 H)。从原文中的 more...than 可知，此处应填形容词，构成形容词的比较级结构。由第一段最后

一句可知the traditional extended family是immobile,那么新型的家庭模式比旧的因该是更有流动性,故应选H) mobile,说明新型的家庭模式的优点。6. 选M)。此处应填动词,作这句话的谓语。Super-industrialism“(更发达的)超级工业化”……更具流动性的家庭。可推知空格处应填表示“需要,需求”的词。requires表示出自一种迫切的需要而提出的要求,很明显选择M)requires。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)