

2007年12月英语六级短文改错(三十四) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/461/2021_2022_2007_E5_B9_B412_E6_c84_461114.htm 真题演练

Until recently, dyslexia and other reading problems were a mystery to most teachers and parents. As a result, too many kids passed through school without master the printed page. ____1____ Some were treated as mentally deficient: many were left functionally illiterate (文盲的), unable to ever meet their potential. But in the last several years, there ' s been a revolution in that we ' ve learned about reading and dyslexia. ____2____ Scientists are using a variety of new imaging techniques to watch the brain at work. Their experiments have shown that reading disorders are most likely the result of what is, in an effect, ____3____ faulty wiring in the brainnot lazy, stupidity or a poor home ____4____ environment. There ' s also convincing evidence which dyslexia ____5____ is largely inherited. It is now considered a chronic problem for some kids, not just a “ phase ” . Scientists have also discarded another old stereotype that almost all dyslexics are boys. Studies indicate that many girls are affecting as well ____6____ and not getting help. At same time, educational researchers have come up ____7____ with innovative teaching strategies for kids who are having trouble learning to read. New screening tests are identifying children at risk before they get discouraged by year of ____8____ frustration and failure. And educators are trying to get the message to parents that they should be on the alert for the first signs of potential problems. It ' s an urgent mission. Mass literacy is a relative new ____9____ social goal. A

hundred years ago people didn ' t need to be good readers in order to earn a living. But in the Information Age, no one can get by with knowing how to read well and ____10____ understand increasingly complex material. 答案及解析:1. master mastering在介词without后面需要加上名词性质的词。此处master意为“掌握”，是动词，故要使用其动名词形式。 2. that what此处并不是定语从句，只是“介词 宾语”的形式，只不过这里的宾语被从句代替了。这里的learned缺少了宾语，故用what来代替而形成名词性从句作in的宾语。What we ' ve learned 意为“我们所了解到的东西”。 3. an /In effect / fact为固定搭配，表示陈述事实，意为“事实上，实际上”。 4. lazy lazinessLazy是形容词，此词与名词stupidity和a home environment并列，所以要用其名词形式laziness。 5. which thatEvidence后面是一个同位语从句，故要用引导词that。 6. affecting affected本句意思是：女孩子也会受（被）这种病影响。故要使用被动语态。 7. same前加the固定搭配词组at the same time。 8. year years根据上下文，可得知应该是表达“数年”之意，故要改为复数形式。注：单数可数名词不可单独使用。 9. relative relatively 此词要修饰形容词new，根据副词修饰形容词，所以将其改为relatively10. with without根据上下文的逻辑判断，该句表示“但是在信息时代，不知道怎样去有效阅读和了解日益复杂的材料，没有人能够过得下去”。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com