2008年成人高考专升本英语复习笔记:形容词与副词 PDF转 换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/466/2021_2022_2008_E5_B9_ B4 E6 88 90 c66 466315.htm 形容词与副词 大纲要求: 形容 词与副词掌握比较级的构成及其用法。 一、形容词在句子中 的作用 1、形容词在句子中可以作定语、表语、宾语补足语 A good boy must behave himself. 好孩子应当行为规矩。(定 语)I like this red dress very much. (定语) She is beautiful. (表 语)The patient is asleep. (表语) Who has got the window open ?(宾语补足语) Ive got everything ready for the class. (宾语 补足语) I said it would happen, and sure enough it did happen. (独立成分) 2、大多数形容词既可作定语又可作表语,但 有少数形容词只能作表语。 This is a red dress. The dress is red. alike, afraid, alone, asleep, awake, aware, alive, ashamed, unable, content.二、副词在句子中的作用副词在 句子中主要作状语,可以修饰动词、形容词、副词,有时修 饰整个句子。 Unfortunately , he wasnt at home when I came. (修饰整个句子) Luckily, she wasnt injured in the accident. (修 饰整个句子)Her pronunciation is very good.(修饰形容词) I have been extremely busy these days. (修饰形容词) I can hardly agree with you. (修饰动词) He works terribly (quite) hard. (修饰副词) 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。

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