

动词的时态：不用进行时的动词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/469/2021_2022__E5_8A_A8_E8_AF_8D_E7_9A_84_E6_c67_469125.htm 表示事实状态的动词，如have, belong, possess, cost, owe, exist, include, contain, matter, weigh, measure, continue等。例如：I have two brothers. 我有两兄弟。 This house belongs to my sister. 这房子是我姐的。 2) 表示心理状态的动词，如know, realize, think see, believe, suppose, imagine, agree, recognize, remember, want, need, forget, prefer, mean, understand, love, hate等。例如：I need your help. 我需要你的帮助。 He loves her very much. 他爱她很深。 3) 瞬间动词，如accept, receive, complete, finish, give, allow, decide, refuse等。例如：I accept your advice. 我接受你的劝告。 4) 系动词，如seem, remain, lie, see, hear, smell, feel, taste, get, become, turn等。例如：You seem a little tired. 你看上去有点累。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com